Community VTRA Protocol:

Violence Threat Risk Assessment

A Collaborative Response to Assessing Potential Violence



A protocol developed by the Catholic District School Board of Eastern Ontario, Upper Canada District School Board, Conseil scolaire de district catholique de l'Est ontarien, and Conseil des écoles publiques de l'Est de l'Ontario in collaboration with Community Agencies and Police Services in Lanark, Leeds & Grenville, Stormont, Dundas & Glengarry, and Prescott & Russell.

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RATIONALE

The District School Boards in Eastern Ontario, Police Services, and their Community Partners are committed to making our schools and communities safe. The term "partner" in this document is not intended to mean a legal partnership, but rather a collaborative arrangement.

The District Schools in Eastern Ontario, Police Services, and their Community Partners will respond to student (child/youth) behaviours that may pose a potential risk for violence to children/youth, staff and members of the community. A student refers to all children/youth under the age of 18. Child/Youth will be used in the remainder of this document. The goal of early intervention by the school boards, Community Partners, child/youth and families will be to reduce and manage school or community violence and harm to self or others.

This protocol supports collaborative planning among schools, community partners, families, children and youth, to reduce violence and to reflect safe, caring and restorative approaches. It fosters timely sharing of information about a child or youth who poses a risk for violence towards themselves or others. It is the process of deliberately trying to, "connect the dots" that "paints the picture" that a person is moving on a path towards serious violence before a violent act occurs. The protocol promotes supportive and preventive plans being put in place.

The strength of this Partnership between school boards and community partners lies in the multidisciplinary community composition of the VTRA Team. The Violence Threat Risk Assessment (VTRA) members will strive to share and review relevant information, details of threatening situation or evidence promptly, to collaborate effectively, and to make use of a broad range of expertise. This collaborative process will respect an individual's rights to privacy and the safety of all, to the fullest extent possible.

Need for Training

This protocol document is not a substitute for training in the field of Violence, Threat, Risk Assessment (VTRA). The VTRA protocol is intended to be used by multidisciplinary teams trained in the theory and practice of student threat-risk assessment through Level 1 Violence, Threat -Risk Assessment Training.

Importance of Safe School Culture

School culture/climate is widely acknowledged as being a key to creating a safe environment. By placing a strong emphasis on safety, tolerance, communication and programming designed to facilitate social responsibility, an environment is created where violence is less likely to occur, and where systems are in place to allow for early identification of potential problems. It is critical for students themselves to be actively involved in the development of safe school initiatives and programming.

COMMUNITY PARTNERS

The District School Boards are the lead partners in the Community VTRA Protocol for our geographical area of Lanark, Leeds, Grenville, Stormont, Dundas, Glengarry, Prescott and Russell Counties. Community Partners include local agencies and the following police services, Children's Aid Society and mental health agencies from across the following four regions:

Lanark, Leeds & Grenville
 Smiths Falls Police Service
 Ontario Provincial Police
 RNJ Youth Services
 Brockville Police Service
 Gananoque Police Service
 Probation Services
 Family and Children's Services of Lanark, Leeds and Grenville
 Children's Mental Health of Leeds & Grenville
 Open Doors for Lanark Children and Youth

• Stormont, Dundas, Glengarry Counties

Cornwall Police Service Ontario Provincial Police Probation Services Children's Aid Society of the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry Cornwall Community Hospital Children's Mental Health Laurencrest Youth Services Inc.

• Prescott, Russell Counties

Ontario Provincial Police Valoris for Children and Adults of Prescott Russell





VISION AND STATEMENT OF PRINCIPLES

The overarching goal of this protocol and violence threat risk assessment is risk reduction and violence prevention to promote the safety of children/youth, parents/guardians, school staff, and community members.

All partners will undertake to follow the protocol. We have a shared obligation to take active steps to reduce violence in schools and the community.

The partners agree to work together for the common goals of reducing violence, managing threats of violence, and promoting individual, school and community safety. We will do so by proactively sharing information, advice, and support.

As partners, we will work together for the benefit of children, youth, and their parents/guardians by:

- building working relationships based on mutual respect and trust
- working in ways that promote safe, caring and restorative school environments and practices
- involving children, youth and their families in planning for services and supports
- recognizing that each child and youth has unique strengths and needs that should be considered when developing an appropriate service plan
- participating in VTRA Team meetings

The protocol is designed to facilitate communication so that when the VTRA Team is activated, appropriate Community Partners and District School Boards may communicate relevant child/youth information.

As part of the protocol design, District School Boards and Community Partners will commit to:

- protocol review every two years
- staff development in VTRA training
- participation in VTRA meetings
- designating a lead contact within each agency who has been VTRA trained
- maintaining staff awareness of Protocol

KEY APPROACHES IN THREAT/ RISK ASSESSMENT

Sharing of Relevant Information

All partners will share relevant information to avert or minimize imminent risk of violence that affects the health and safety of any person.

Investigative Mind-set

An investigative mind-set is central to successful application of the risk/threat assessment process. Violence Threat Risk Assessment requires thoughtful probing, viewing information with professional objectivity, and paying attention to key points about pre-attack behaviours. Personnel who carry out Risk/Threat assessment strive to be both accurate and fair.

Building Capacity

VTRA training will be provided to as many school personnel and community partner staff as possible. The Steering Committee, made up of community partners, police and school boards, will continue to encourage training.

Program Review

The VTRA-Protocol will be reviewed by the Community VTRA Protocol Steering Committee once a year. This group will be made up of designates from Community Partners and District School Boards.

Contact List

The District School Boards will be the lead agencies in application of the protocol. The District School Boards' Superintendents of Safe Schools or designates, will maintain an up-to-date list of lead-contacts for the Community VTRA Protocol partners, and will distribute a copy of the list to all Community Partners.



VTRA RESPONSE

When a child/youth engages in behaviours or makes threatening comments or gestures that may result in serious injury to self and/or others, the VTRA is enacted in the following way:



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VTRA RESPONSE – Diagram Description:

- 1. Worrisome, high-risk, and/or threatening behaviour identified by site-specific VTRA Team.
- 2. Site Specific VTRA Screening: Team (and protocol partners if appropriate) investigates immediate facts.
 - a. Decision to NOT continue: Information unsubstantiated or other interventions (outside VTRA) may be more appropriate.
 - b. Decision to continue: Activate Stage One VTRA VTRA leads are contacted and the STAGE ONE Team completes data collection and VTRA Report Form.
 - i. Stage One Intervention Plan Developed and Implemented: Put into action immediate risk reducing interventions. Decision to move to STAGE TWO if medium-high risk determination.
 - ii. Activate STAGE TWO VTRA Multi-Disciplinary: Maintain current Stage One intervention plan until Stage Two intervention plan is developed.
 - iii. Stage Two: Multi-Agency Specialized Risk Evaluation.
 - Stage Three: Longer-term multi-disciplinary intervention plan developed and implemented. 30 day follow-up. Continue to monitor, evaluate, and/or revise plan.

Stage ONE: Data collection and immediate risk reducing interventions

Stage ONE VTRA Teams must include the following three professionals and others as the team or committee deems appropriate

- School Principal and/or designate
- Clinician (School/Board designate)
- Police of Jurisdiction

The initial data collection is often accomplished in one to two hours. It focuses on gathering case specific data using the STAGE ONE VTRA Report Form **(Appendix B)**.

Note: VTRA cases can be resolved at the Stage ONE level where the incident proves to either be a moment-in-time bad judgement call by the threat maker that is low risk; information that resulted in the activation of the Stage ONE Protocol proves to be unsubstantiated; or adequate interventions are able to be put in place under the direction of the school/police team that address the needs of the threat maker, target, etc.

Stage TWO: Comprehensive Risk Evaluation

Stage TWO is a "multidisciplinary risk evaluation" which often involves some or all the following:

- police-based threat assessment units,
- psychology, psychiatry, mental health,
- child protection, youth probation, and others.

This second stage is focused on further data collection beyond the initial data set obtained by the Stage ONE Team and as such the Stage TWO members are charged (in collaboration with the Stage ONE Team) with the formal risk assessment and evaluation which may include the use of tests and measures.

Stage THREE: Longer Term Treatment Planning -Multidisciplinary Intervention

This stage requires reconvening partners who are involved in the case at hand for the "development and implementation of a comprehensive multidisciplinary intervention" and to pre-determine a follow-up date for case review. The agency that will take the lead at this point is the one that is the most appropriate at the time: every case on its own merit! In complex cases one agency may take the initial lead but after stabilization another may assume the leadership/coordinating role

The three stages of the VTRA combines all appropriate threat assessment concepts and risk assessment factors. Stage TWO and Stage THREE may be simultaneous. This protocol allows for a comprehensive determination of violence risk posed, and the identification of appropriate interventions. It prevents under-reaction by professionals who may use general violence risk assessment tools as the unilateral measure to determine risk of violence of a young person. The three Stages promote understanding that some individuals may not pose a risk for general violence yet may be moving rapidly on a pathway of violence towards a particular target they consider justifiable.

DETERMINING WHEN TO ACTIVATE THE VTRA PROTOCOL

There are a wide range of behaviours that are of concern to some families, workplaces, schools and communities. It is sometimes difficult, however, to determine whether or not to activate a formal VTRA process. The following guidelines are intended to help protocol partners make this determination. It is important to carefully consider each and every individual situation to ensure the most appropriate response.

Immediate Risk Situations

These situations included armed (e.g. gun, knife, explosives or other device/weapon capable of causing serious injury or death) intruders inside the building or on the periphery, who may pose a significant risk. When immediate risk is identified, lockdown plans should be activated immediately, followed by a call to 911. In these cases, a threat <u>is</u> unfolding, and the matter is one of immediate police intervention and protective site-specific response, <u>not</u> Stage One VTRA. Boards should refer to their **Police-Board Protocol.**

Formal Categories for VTRA Protocol Activation

Thresholds for VTRA protocol activation include, but are not limited to:

- Serious violence or violence with intent to harm or kill
- Plan for serious assault
- Verbal/written threats to kill/injure others ("clear, direct, and plausible")
- The use of technology to communicate threats to harm/kill others or cause serious property damage (e.g. computer, mobile phone)
- Possession of a weapon/replica
- Bomb threats (making and/or detonating)
- Fire setting behaviours
- Sexual intimidation or assault
- Chronic, pervasive, targeted bullying and/or harassment
- Gang related intimidation and violence
- Hate incidents motivated by factors including but not limited to race, culture, religion, sexual and/or gender diversity
- Homicidal/suicidal behaviours that threatens safety

Stage ONE VTRA Team Leadership and Team Activation

In school-based VTRA cases the principal and or their designate (V.P.) is the team leader in that it is their responsibility to maintain a safe and caring learning environment and therefore their responsibility must be to promptly notify the Superintendents responsible for Safe Schools of any behaviour that activates or should activate the VTRA protocol. Notification of police partner and board designate should also occur for VTRA activation.

Once the Stage ONE team is activated, leadership is shared and collaborative as the VTRA team decides initial steps that need to be taken for immediate data collection and any immediate risk reducing interventions. School principals are still responsible for disciplinary measures that may need to be addressed and the overall safety of children/youth and staff. Police are responsible for determining if a parallel investigation focusing on any criminal aspect of the case will go forward in addition to being responsible for public safety concerns.

Non-Work Hour Cases

If information is received by a VTRA member regarding serious violence, weapons possession or a threat that is "clear, direct, and plausible" during non-work hours for protocol partners, police will be called and steps will be taken to assess the person of concern as well as notify and protect the target(s) as required. The VTRA team will be activated if the case at hand is deemed to be high risk. Many evening or weekend incidents occur that continue to escalate into workplace/school, and many workplace/school incidents occur that escalate into the community the next day (e.g. relational violence, violence at sporting events, family violence).

Activation of a Violence Threat Risk Assessment by a Community Partner

When staff members of a partner agency become aware of potential risk or a serious incident, they notify their designated lead/supervisor to determine the need to activate the VTRA protocol. If it is determined that a VTRA is necessary, the lead will notify the school Principal.

At all times actions that are necessary to facilitate immediate safety are taken, without delay.

Whenever possible, VTRA meetings will occur on School Boards' premises.

Threats

Threats may be written, verbal, drawn, posted on internet, gestured and may be:

- Direct
- Indirect
- Conditional
- Veiled

Some threats may not meet the standard of law for criminal charges but do warrant assessment. Prior knowledge of a "clear and discernible pattern of offending" may justify VTRA team members in responding to "pre-incident" indicators.

Anonymous Threats

Anonymous threats are typically threatening to commit a violent act against an individual(s), specific group, or site (i.e. the school). They may be found written on bathroom walls or stalls, spray painted on the side of schools, posted on the Internet, letters left in a conspicuous place (teacher's desk), etc. **As of this writing, there are no known North American cases where an anonymous threat to kill was issued and a homicide occurred on the day the threat stated.** Although anonymous threats may be credible in the world of global terrorism, in the field of school-based child and adolescent violence threat/risk assessment, the lack of ownership (authorship) of the threat generally denotes a lack of commitment.

Nevertheless, there are steps that should be followed to:

- 1. Assess the anonymous threat;
- 2. Attempt to identify the threat maker;
- 3. Avoid or minimize the crises/trauma response.

Assessing the Threat

VTRA teams should consider the following in determining the initial level of risk based on the current data (i.e. the language of the threat):

Language of Commitment

- 1. Amount of detail (location where the violence is to occur, target(s), date and time the violence is to occur, justifications, etc.).
- 2. Threatened to do what with what ("kill", "murder", "ruin your lives", "shank", "shoot", etc.)?
- 3. Method of delivery of the threat (who found/received the threat, when did they receive it, where did they receive it, who else did they tell and who else knows about it?).
- 4. Is the threat clear, direct, plausible, and consistent?

Worrisome Behaviours

Worrisome behaviours are "grey area" cases. This would include instances where a person of concern may be engaging in behaviours such as drawing pictures, writing stories (and posting or presenting them) or making vague statements that do not, in of themselves, constitute "uttering threats" as defined by law but are causing concern because of violent, sexual, or other concerning content. The primary standard for assessing these types of cases is "the closer to reality, the more concerned we become".

Worrisome cases are for site-specific VTRA team members to discuss internally and do not result in activation of the community protocol because they do not cross clear lines. Yet, it is appropriate for the site-specific VTRA Lead to consult with their police VTRA partner even from a consultation perspective (e.g. "What do you think of this Facebook post?"). Independent of site-specific VTRA Lead, the police member may do their own background check and if they determine concern, further inquiry will begin.

In many cases, following up with a Worrisome Case Conference (with parental consent) results in good early intervention measures. There are also cases where "a little data leads to a lot" and what seems like a minor case can quickly evolve into the formal activation of a VTRA.

Children under 12 years of age

It there is a significant increase /shift in baseline behaviour, weapons possession, or clear, direct and plausible threats, a formal VTRA will be activated. Nevertheless, when younger children engage in violent or threat-related behaviours, developmental and exceptionality issues need to be taken into consideration. Generally, most threat-related behaviour exhibited by young children could fall into the category of "worrisome behaviours" that would result in a worrisome case conference. However, just because a child is under 12 years of age does not mean they cannot pose a significant risk.

Violence, Threat, Risk, Assessment Reminders

Expectation of Responsible Reporting

ANY person in a school and community having knowledge of high-risk student behaviour or having reasonable grounds to believe there is a potential for high-risk or violent behaviour should promptly report the information to the school administration, agency lead, or police services. Students seeking adult support for worrisome behaviour is NOT "ratting" or "snitching". It is an important piece of supporting a culture of safety for all. It is important for all to understand that no action will be taken against the person who makes a report unless the report is made maliciously and without reasonable grounds.

Working with Diversity

It is vital that individuals involved in VTRA recognize and acknowledge the diversity of all parties involved; that culture, language, creed and identity are respected. Professionals may view situations from a place of privilege, therefore VTRA teams may need to challenge their own assumptions and ways of thinking when working with marginalized and diverse families. When language barriers exist it is important, if possible, that respondents speak in their first language and that a neutral interpreter be used to translate, and that culturally relevant services and supports are engaged whenever possible.

Criminal Charges:

Public safety is the primary mandate for police services. The police officer assigned to the VTRA team may determine whether or not a criminal investigation is warranted. If the law enforcement team member chooses not to proceed with a criminal investigation at the time, then the officer will continue with Stage ONE VTRA Team. When a criminal investigation is initiated, the police member of the team may refer the case for investigation to a general duty member and continue to participate as an active VTRA team member. A police investigation does NOT prevent the remaining VTRA members from continuing with data collection relative to the threat assessment including obtaining history of prior target selection, site selection, and changes in baseline behaviours. Good communication between police and VTRA team is important, so as not to compromise an investigation/prosecution or place unnecessary strain on victim. It is understood that collaboration with VTRA members will be ongoing, notwithstanding the fact that each team member has their own "jurisdiction".

Violence

When violence occurs, the following general guidelines can help administrators to determine if the case should be dealt with as a disciplinary matter only or as a violence/threat risk assessment case.

Consult with a VTRA member if:

- lower baseline violence appears unprovoked
- clear victim and perpetrator dyad with power imbalance (age, size, social power, etc.)
- no intent to harm present
- if the frequency, intensity, recency (FIR) of the violence denotes an increase in behavioural baseline of the perpetrator(s)

Suicide as a Special Consideration

When site-specific professionals are dealing with a situation where an individual is of concern because of suicidal ideation, they should follow their existing protocols for suicide risk assessment (See SPIRR Protocol). The VTRA protocol should only be used as part of a case with suicidal ideation when there is evidence of:

- Fluidity
- Suicide Pact
- Conspiracy of two or more (Puppet Master)
- Multiple suicides or attempts in quick succession in a community

RESPONDING TO THREAT MAKING BEHAVIOURS

Fair Notice

Prior to any VTRA protocol being implemented, all student, staff and parents should be provided with information about the protocol and procedures so that **"fair notice"** is given that violence and threats of violence will not be tolerated. Fair notice is provided to families each school year (see sample of Fair Notice in Appendix H) and should also be posted on school boards' website.

VTRA Trumps Suspension

In most cases, unless the individual of concern already poses an imminent or obvious safety concern, the Stage ONE team is activated, and the Stage ONE REPORT FORM data is collected within reason before a suspension is even considered. A poorly timed **"out of school"** suspension is high risk as this period is often viewed by high-risk student as the "last straw". It is in this stage that many threat makers decide to finalize a plan to terrorize their school or attack a specific target: this can include homicidal or suicidal acts. The suspension does not "cause" the violence to occur but creates the necessary context for the high-risk student, who is already struggling with suicidal and /or homicidal ideation, to take the final step from planning to action. VTRA may or may not result in a suspension. VTRA is not a disciplinarily measure.

Involving Parents in VTRA

Note: This section is primarily focused on children and youth under 18 years of age. However, there are adult VTRA cases where parents, caregivers, siblings, spouses (partners) and others associated with the person of concern have been contacted due to concerns regarding risk to self or others.

Parent(s) or caregiver(s) are an essential part of the assessment process as they are necessary sources of insight and data regarding the "bedroom dynamic", "An increase or shift in baseline", and other contextual factors that may be either "risk-reducing or risk-enhancing". As such, notification of parent(s) or caregiver(s) is meant to activate a collaborative process between home and the VTRA Team to more fully assess the young person of concern and collaboratively plan for appropriate

intervention where necessary. A parent(s) or caregiver(s) of a young person under the age of 18, or who is still under the guardianship of an adult, should be notified at the "earliest opportunity". Specifically, notification should occur after the VTRA team has collected enough initial data to confirm that a Stage One VTRA should be activated. Notification guidelines follow that of the standard practice of, for example, fist fights between two children/youth at a school. Before school administration calls home, they collect some initial data, talk with the child/youth involved and then notify the parent(s) or caregiver(s) of the situation and the circumstances surrounding it.

Depending on the initial level of risk or evolving dynamics of a particular case parent/caregiver notification may be delayed. Common reasons include:

- a) Child protection issues that emerge early in the data collection process. In these situations, a report will be made to Child Protection and that part of the case will be the domain of Child Protection.
- **b)** Parent/Caregiver poses a potential risk of violence to the Site where the VTRA was activated. In these situations, the police will take the lead of notification.
- **c)** Where multiple young people of concern (and others) are believed to be part of a conspiracy of two or more and therefore the timing (correlation) of notifying multiple parents/caregivers must be done strategically so as not to escalate a complex peer dynamic.

Parent (Caregiver) Notification - Targets

As a primary purpose of the Community VTRA Protocol is violence prevention, identifying, protecting and supporting the target(s) of the threat is a priority as well. Therefore, parent(s) or caregiver(s) of a young person under the age of 18, or who is still under the guardianship of an adult, should be notified at the "earliest opportunity". Often the target and his/her parent(s) or caregiver(s) are fearful or traumatized by the situation therefore notification should be done with skill, tact and planning. A plan should be made for possible emotional supports the family may need. As such, if the threat is "clear, direct, and plausible" or the VTRA team feels violence may be imminent (if the case is unfolding during school hours and the target is present at school), notification will occur after the target is secured/protected from potential harm. If the initial threat is **not** "clear, direct, and plausible", the VTRA team will continue to collect data to determine the level of risk before the parent(s) or caregiver(s) are notified: this is to prevent unnecessarily traumatizing individuals when no risk is present.

Taking the time to do a proper initial assessment can prevent some of the extreme overreactions that have occurred in several low risk cases across this country. There are also times when a case may first appear as high-risk but quickly prove to be a minor non-threat related situation.

However, there are also cases where notification may be delayed, such as:

- a) Long standing dynamics between two conflicting families that are likely to result in further threats and/or violence once notification occurs. These situations would be seen as "threat management" cases.
- **b)** The parent/caregiver is highly likely to escalate the situation by overreacting before the VTRA Team can conduct all necessary initial interviews and take protective steps for the target(s)

Supporting Targeted or Victimized Child/ Youth or Staff

The VTRA team clinician (psychologist, therapist, counsellor) is responsible for ensuring that the recipient(s), victim(s) or target(s) of the threats are assessed and that services are provided as necessary. As the threat may be directed towards one or more child/youth, an entire class, or the school population, the circumstances will dictate how far reaching an intervention may be. The VTRA team clinician and the school administration (with consultation with the Superintendent of Safe Schools) should determine if crisis counselling or a crisis response team is needed to re-establish calm.

Key Point:

There may be cases where the recipient of a threat has been engaged in high-risk behaviours that may have led to the threat(s) in the first instance. In those situations, the recipient of the threat(s) may need to also be assessed for high-risk behaviour as well.

RESPONDING TO THREAT MAKING BEHAVIOUR: A STAFF GUIDE

Any person who is concerned will report to the school principal, designate or agency lead, any behaviours that are worrisome and may pose a risk or threat to others.

Worrisome Behaviours	High Risk Behaviours	
 Include but are not limited to: Drawing pictures with violent content Writings with violent content Vague threatening statements Unusual interest in fire Significant change in baseline behavior ✓ Conduct a worrisome case conference: Information unsubstantiated or no risk - VTRA process ends and other interventions may be more appropriate.	 Include but are not limited to: Serious violence or violence with intent to harm or kill Plan for serious assault Verbal/written threat to kill/ injure (clear, direct and plausible) Use of technology to communicate threats to harm/kill others or cause serious property damage (e.g., "burn the school down") Possession of a weapon/ replica Bomb threats (making and/or detonating) Fire setting behaviours Sexual intimidation or assault Chronic, pervasive, targeted bullying and/or harassment Gang related intimidation and violence Hate incidents motivated by factors including, but not limited to race, culture, religion, and/or sexual or gender diversity Homicidal/suicidal behaviours that threatens safety 	
	IMMEDIATE RISK WITH THREAT related to any of the above: CALL 911 In the case of an immediate risk when an incident/threat <i>is</i> unfolding and immediate police intervention and protective site-specific response is required, contact 911. Active Police Board Protocol (e.g., lock down, hold and secure, shelter in place).	

VTRA MODEL ACTIVATION

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VIRA WODEL ACTIVATION		
STAGE	STEPS	VTRA TEAM
Stage ONE:	 Make sure all children/youth are safe. Determine if threat maker has access to weapon. 	Stage ONE VTRA Team Superintendent Safe Schools*
Immediate risk reducing interventions	 Inform Superintendent of Safe Schools / Agency Director Contact Stage ONE VTRA team members (at minimum police and school board designate (i.e. BCC, SCC) 	Home/Family School Superintendent*
Data Collection (1-2 hours) and consolidation	 Initiate Stage ONE VTRA Report Form Interview threat maker(s), victim(s), and other individuals directly and indirectly involved. Notify and interview the child/youth's parent(s) or 	Designated Regional Board Lead (e.g., BCC, SSC, Head/Chief Psychologist)
	 guardian(s) at the earliest opportunity Review findings with the VTRA Team. 	Police of jurisdiction (VTRA trained)
	 Develop and implement immediate risk reducing intervention plan. Conduct 30 Day Follow-Up of Intervention Plan 	Community Agency VTRA Lead
In cases that prove t	o be moderate to high risk at the Stage ONE level: Stage	e TWO VTRA may be initiated
Stage TWO: VTRA Multidisciplinary Risk Assessment and further data collection	 Further assessment of long-standing risk enhancers (e.g., childhood trauma, drug or alcohol abuse, early caregiver disruptions, etc.) Targeting areas that may need to be addressed strategically and therapeutically to result in lasting gains in reducing baseline behaviour 	Stage TWO Multi-Agency Team Stage ONE VTRA Team as needed. Some or all of the following may also be involved: • Police-based threat assessment units, Psychiatry, Pediatrics, Psychology, Mental Health, Child Protection, Youth Probation
Stage THREE: Longer Term Multidisciplinary Intervention	 Develop and implement longer-term multidisciplinary intervention plan Continue to monitor, evaluate and/or revise intervention plan as needed (30-60-90 day follow up recommended) 	Ongoing collaboration with Stage ONE and TWO multi-agency team members as needed

The school Superintendent or Superintendent of Safe Schools will be consulted by the team at the school and will participate in the VTRA process as required.

Threat Assessment:

A process of determining if a threat maker (someone who utters, writes, emails, etc., a threat to kill a target or targets) actually poses a risk to the target(s) being threatened.

Although many children/youths, and others, engage in threat making behaviour, research indicates that few actually pose a risk to harm the target being threatened. Multidisciplinary Stage ONE VTRA teams engage in a data collection process, through semi-structured interviews, to determine "initial levels of risk" that may be posed and plan necessary risk reducing interventions. Although a child/youth of concern may be assessed as low risk, there may be data that indicates a more comprehensive risk assessment is required.

Risk Assessment:

A process of determining if a child/youth of concern may pose a risk to some unknown target or targets at some unknown period of time. The child/youth may be evidencing increasing violent ideation or behaviours that suggest that the frequency or intensity of their violence or violence potential may be escalating.

A risk assessment is typically a lengthier process that may involve a number of standardized tests and measures that go beyond the scope of the school –based multidisciplinary VTRA process. After the Stage ONE - initial level of risk - is assessed and immediate risk reducing intervention has occurred, a further risk assessment may be required. Unlike the immediate intervention, the risk assessment is meant to be a more comprehensive evaluation of all risk reducing and risk enhancing factors affecting the child/youth's functioning and to use that data to guide longer term intervention and treatment goals.

School board/community partners will collaborate to determine whether risk exists and/or the extent of the risk and develop a supportive plan.



Violence Threat/Risk Assessment Intervention and Management

Guidelines for Re-entry into School

When the data suggests that a student poses a threat to others, he/she may be suspended from school until a more comprehensive assessment can be conducted. VTRA teams guide the process from initial assessment, to planning interventions to decrease risk, to planning for re-entry into a school where a suspension has occurred. This is best accomplished when the VTRA team outlines, in writing, steps the student, family, school, and others need to follow to ensure an appropriate assessment(s) is conducted prior to re-entry into the school. Following the completion of necessary assessments, the initial VTRA members may work with the student and the parent(s)/ (caregiver) to develop a plan for re-entry that becomes a signed contract by all participants including the student and parent(s), if circumstances warrant

Supportive Services

Each of the VTRA members needs to have the authority within their own organization to make immediate decisions regarding supportive services. For example, it may be necessary to provide secure residential treatment, psychiatric hospitalization or increased supervision in the school setting. It is also important to ensure that the support services and interventions extended to the student and family are culturally appropriate and/or accessible within the context of the limitations of the community. Recommending services that are not readily available or accessible can add to the level of anxiety and risk inherent in the family structure

Trauma Response:

After a traumatic event has occurred the school board and community partners may be called upon to plan for and/or provide post trauma counseling and interventions for child/youth and staff.

ROLES & RESPONSIBILITIES

School principal or designate (as determined by Superintendent of Safe Schools)

- The principal calls the school superintendent to discuss possible activation and coordinate the VTRA after a child/youth has been determined to pose a medium or high level of concern to other child/youth or staff
- co-ordinate the VTRA team and complete Series 1-5 of the STAGE ONE VTRA Report Form within hours
- follow up and coordinate intervention/management plans developed by the team, and forward the STAGE ONE VTRA Report Form and intervention/management plan to the school and safe schools superintendent
- store the intervention/management plan securely

School Resource Officer/ Investigating Police Officer

- be involved in school VTRA team
- wherever possible, a police officer trained in Threat Assessment will be involved in VTRA teams
- investigate and determine whether a crime has been committed, and if charges are appropriate or warranted

District School Board staff

- be designated by the Superintendent of Safe Schools to participate in school VTRA team and where appropriate to be the VTRA lead (i.e. *behaviour crisis consultant/special services counsellor, psychologist, etc.*)
- consult with the principal, VTRA team, and superintendents involved
- contact VTRA members to facilitate consultations, and conduct interviews as required, except in criminal investigations, complete the STAGE ONE VTRA Report Form questions Series 1-8 (Appendix B)
- Follow up on recommended intervention/management plans

Guidance counsellor/special education teacher/ student success teacher/ other staff who know the child/youth

- to assist in data gathering as assigned by the principal
- assist the principal in Series 6 9 of the STAGE ONE VTRA Report Form and be available for consultation on general issues regarding VTRA procedures relating to mental health
- assist in developing plans or other interventions (e.g., behaviour plan, worker/individual safety plan), and in facilitating access to programs or resources, to reduce the risk of violence and respond to the child/youth's educational needs if consent has been obtained, help families obtain needed assistance

Community Partner Staff

- Follow internal procedures in support of the VTRA
- determine the lead or designate staff for each agency
- have a trained staff member participate in the VTRA
- participate in completion of the STAGE ONE VTRA Report Form questions Series 1-8 (Appendix B)
- participate in a review of school VTRA team findings
- participate in developing any recommended intervention/management plans

INFORMATION SHARING

The general intent of access to information and protection of privacy legislation is to regulate the collection, use and disclosure of personal information. Wherever possible and reasonable, consent to disclose personal information should be obtained. Valid consent does not exist unless the individual knows what he/she is consenting to and understands the consequences of the intended disclosure. The individual must be made aware that he/she can withdraw consent at any time by giving written or verbal notice. The District School Boards and Community Partners are committed to the sharing of relevant information to the extent authorized by law.

It is vital to note, however, that <u>legislation allows the release of personal information if there is</u> <u>imminent threat to health and safety.</u> To make parents, guardians and child/youth aware of the protocol to be followed in such cases, the District School Boards will send the *VTRA Notification* home with all child/youth at the beginning of every school year. (Please see Appendix H, District School Boards VTRA Notification.) This notification also will be posted permanently on the District School Boards' websites.

Green Light	Yellow Light	Red Light
Generally speaking, pursuant to freedom of information and privacy acts, relevant personal information CAN be shared under one or more of the following circumstances:	In any of the following circumstances obtain more information and/or get advice from supervisor or the board lawyer	Information can NEVER be shared under the following circumstances:
 With written consent (see page 23 regarding YCJA exclusion). To avert or minimize imminent danger to the health and safety of any person. To report a child who might need protection under the Child and Family Services Act (See Child Abuse Protocol). By order of the Court. To facilitate the rehabilitation of a young person under the Youth Criminal Justice Act (pgs. 14-15 regarding YCJA) 	 Consent is not provided or is refused but where there may be a health or safety issue for any individual or group(s). To report criminal activity to the police. To share YCJA records. Where there is a demand or request to produce information for a legal proceeding When a professional code of ethics may limit disclosure. To cooperate with a police and/or a child protection investigation. 	 There is a legislative requirement barring disclosure. No consent is given and there is no need to know or overriding health/safety concerns, or Consent is given but there is no need to know or overriding health/safety concern.

Key Points Regarding Information-sharing

- The Municipal Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act (MFIPPA) and the Personal Health Information Protection Act (PHIPA) provide exceptions for the release of information where there are imminent risks to health and safety. MFIPPA notes compelling circumstances affecting the health and safety of an individual..." (Part II, 32(h), MFIPPA). PHIPA notes that "a health information custodian may disclose personal health information about an individual if the custodian believes on reasonable grounds that the disclosure is necessary for the purpose of eliminating or reducing a significant risk of serious bodily harm to a person or group of persons." (2004, c. 3, Sched. A, s. 40(1) PHIPA).
- The Children's Aid Societies will endeavour to obtain consent to release information from all their clients involved in a school or community immediate threat assessment. Disclosure of information without consent may be considered if we believe on reasonable grounds that:

i) failure to disclose the information relevant to the threat is likely to cause the person or another person physical harm, and

ii) the need to disclose is urgent.

Please refer to Part X (Personal Information) of the Child, Youth and Family Services Act.

- Section 125(6), Youth Criminal Justice Act (YCJA) enables information in a Youth Criminal Justice Act record to be shared, within the access period, with any professional or other person engaged in the supervision or care of a young person including the representative of any school board, or school or any other educational or training institution only in limited circumstances. Information may be shared to ensure the safety of staff, child/youth or others, to facilitate rehabilitation/reintegration of the young person, or to ensure compliance with a youth justice court order or any order of the provincial director respecting reintegration leave. Such sharing of information does not require the young person's consent.
- The recipient of youth justice information is responsible for ensuring compliance with legislated restrictions on its use and disposal under the YCJA s.125 (7). This provision requires that the information must be kept separate from any other record of the young person, that no other person must have access to the information except as authorized under the YCJA or for the purposes of ss.125 (6), and that it must be destroyed when it is no longer needed for the purpose for which it was disclosed.
- The Occupational Health and Safety Act (OHSA) S.32.O.5(3) states, "an employer's duty to provide information to a worker under clause 25(2)(a) and a supervisor's duty to advise a worker under clause 27(2)(a) include the duty to provide information, including personal information, related to risk of workplace violence from a person with a history of violent behaviour if, (a) the worker can be expected to encounter that person in the course of his or her work; and (b) the risk of workplace violence is likely to expose the worker to physical injury."

COMMUNICATIONS

Media

As part of the VTRA process, the District School Board and police service involved in the assessment may decide to develop congruent media releases, if needed, to address safety concerns. Any such releases will not violate confidentiality. In the case of a criminal investigation, police will be the lead regarding media releases. Whenever possible, media releases will be provided to affected Community Partners in advance of release to the media.

Parent / Guardian / Staff / Child / Youth

At the beginning of each school year, the District School Boards will send to parents, staff and Community Partners the Risk/Threat Assessment Notification (please see Appendix D), which outlines for parents/guardians and child/youth the VTRA process. Additional communications tools, such as brochures and inclusion of information in child/youth agendas and on the School Boards' websites, also will be used. All such communications will be shared with the Community Partners. New registrants to Boards should also be made aware of these notifications (Fair Notice).

Intra-Agency

Internal District School Board and Community Partner communication regarding the protocol will be the responsibility of each party to the protocol.

Documentation

The STAGE ONE VTRA Report Form (see Appendix B) will be the written documentation of the VTRA meeting. The VTRA meeting minutes taken in these meetings regarding the community threat/risk assessment, and the resulting shared information, are highly confidential. Only information required for the assessment can be shared, and only with the team involved in the particular assessment. The information cannot be redistributed or exchanged except for the purposes of the assessment itself. A copy of the VTRA Summary Form (**Appendix C**) will be distributed to each community partner involved with child/youth's intervention plan. The report form (Appendix B) will be stored in a confidential file in the office of the superintendent responsible for safe schools. Any school- minutes will be stored in a confidential file in the principal's office and copied to the school superintendent. Minutes (if there are any) should not be stored in the OSR. Documentation will be maintained in compliance with legal requirements with respect to disclosure. Additional information may be added as appropriate for implementation and monitoring.



APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: RESPONDING TO THREAT MAKING BEHAVIOUR: STAFF GUIDE

APPENDIX B: STAGE ONE VTRA REPORT FORM

APPENDIX C: VTRA SUMMARY FORM

APPENDIX D: VTRA PARENT NOTIFICATION

APPENDIX E: VTRA ADMINISTRATORS CHECKLIST

APPENDIX F: BOARD TEAM: PARENT/CAREGIVER/STUDENT INTERVIEW FORM

- **APPENDIX G:** DEFINITIONS
- **APPENDIX H:** DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARDS: VTRA PARENT/GUARDIAN NOTIFICATION AND FAIR NOTICE
- **APPENDIX I:** DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD AND COMMUNITY PARTNER VTRA PROTOCOL PARTNERS
- APPENDIX J: REGIONAL SCHOOL LIST BY BOARD

APPENDIX K: SIGNATORIES TO THE PROTOCOL



APENDIX A: RESPONDING TO THREAT MAKING BEHAVIOUR: A STAFF GUIDE

Any person who is concerned will report to the school principal, designate or agency lead, any behaviours that are worrisome and may pose a risk or threat to others.

Worrisome Behaviours	High Risk Behaviours	
Include but are not limited to: Drawing pictures with violent content Writings with violent content Vague threatening statements Unusual interest in fire Significant change in baseline behavior Conduct a worrisome case conference: (c) Information unsubstantiated or no risk - VTRA process ends and other interventions may be more appropriate. OR (d) Information obtained via case conference increases concern and indicates the need to activate a Stage ONE VTRA. 	 Include but are not limited to: Serious violence or violence with intent to harm or kill Plan for serious assault Verbal/written threat to kill/ injure (clear, direct and plausible) Use of technology to communicate threats to harm/kill others or cause serious property damage (e.g., "burn the school down") Possession of a weapon/ replica Bomb threats (making and/or detonating) Fire setting behaviours Sexual intimidation or assault Chronic, pervasive, targeted bullying and/or harassment Gang related intimidation and violence Hate incidents motivated by factors including, but not limited to race, culture, religion, and/or sexual or gender diversity Homicidal/suicidal behaviours that threatens safety 	
	IMMEDIATE RISK WITH THREAT related to any of the above: CALL 911 In the case of an immediate risk when an incident/threat <i>is</i> unfolding and immediate police intervention and protective site-specific response is required, contact 911. Active Police Board Protocol (e.g., lock down, hold and secure, shelter in place).	

VTRA MODEL ACTIVATION

↓

VIRA MODEL ACTIVATION		
STAGE	STEPS	VTRA TEAM
Stage ONE:	Make sure all children/youth are safe.Determine if threat maker has access to weapon.	Stage ONE VTRA Team Superintendent Safe Schools*
Immediate risk reducing interventions	 Inform Superintendent of Safe Schools / Agency Director Contact Stage ONE VTRA team members (at minimum police and school board designate (i.e. BCC, SCC) 	Home/Family School Superintendent*
Data Collection (1-2 hours) and consolidation	 Initiate Stage ONE VTRA Report Form Interview threat maker(s), victim(s), and other individuals directly and indirectly involved. Notify and interview the child/youth's parent(s) or 	Designated Regional Board Lead (e.g., BCC, SSC, Head/Chief Psychologist)
	 guardian(s) at the earliest opportunity Review findings with the VTRA Team. 	Police of jurisdiction (VTRA trained)
	 Develop and implement immediate risk reducing intervention plan. Conduct 30 Day Follow-Up of Intervention Plan 	Community Agency VTRA Lead
In cases that prove t	o be moderate to high risk at the Stage ONE level: Stage	e TWO VTRA may be initiated
Stage TWO: VTRA Multidisciplinary Risk Assessment and further data collection	 Further assessment of long-standing risk enhancers (e.g., childhood trauma, drug or alcohol abuse, early caregiver disruptions, etc.) Targeting areas that may need to be addressed strategically and therapeutically to result in lasting gains in reducing baseline behaviour 	Stage TWO Multi-Agency Team Stage ONE VTRA Team as needed. Some or all of the following may also be involved:
Stage THREE: Longer Term Multidisciplinary Intervention	 Develop and implement longer-term multidisciplinary intervention plan Continue to monitor, evaluate and/or revise intervention plan as needed (30-60-90 day follow up recommended) 	Ongoing collaboration with Stage ONE and TWO multi-agency team members as needed

APPENDIX B: STAGE ONE VTRA REPORT FORM

STAGE ONE VTRA REPORT FORM

(Data Collection and Immediate Risk Reducing Interventions)

Violence / Threat Making Behaviours examples: (addressed in this protocol but not limited to)

- Serious violence with intent to harm or kill
- Verbal /written threats to kill other (Clear, Direct AND Plausible)
- Internet/ blogs/ MSN/ and other social media threats to kill others
- Possession of weapons (including replicas)
- Fire setting
- Sexual intimidation or assault
- Gang related intimidation and violence

Child/Youth	School	
Date of Birth	Student Number	
Grade		
Age	Parent/ Guardian Names	

Date of Incident

Make sure all children/youth are safe and call police member of the VTRA Team

- Appropriately monitor and / or detain the child/youth/ or concern until the police member of the team is
 present
- Do not allow access to coats, backpacks, desks or lockers
- If there is imminent danger call 911
- Determine if threat maker has access to the means (knife, gun etc.)
- Interview witnesses including all participants directly and indirectly involved
- Notify the Child/youth's parent/s or guardian/s
- Parents / guardians have been notified of the situation and this assessment
- Parents / guardians have NOT been notified because: _______

Pre-Interview Considerations:

- When possible, interview the threat maker after the initial data has been collected such as locker check, interviewing the individual who reported the threat as well as the police partner doing an occurrence check for prior police contacts. This will help to avoid the "uni-dimensional assessment" and provide interviewer(s) with data to develop case specific hypotheses and verbatim questions that can be asked in a strategic VTRA interview to test those hypotheses.
- There should **never** be more than two people in the room interviewing the threat maker or child/youth of concern.
- Remember to distinguish between assessing the threat versus assessing the threat maker.

Immediate Data - may be obtained from multiple sources including:		
Reporter/s		
Target/s		
Witnesses		
Teachers and other school staff (secretaries, support staff, bus drivers, etc.)		
Friends, classmates, acquaintances		
Parents/ caregivers (call both parents)		
Current and previous school records (call the sending school)		
Police record check		
Check the child/youth's locker, desk, backpack, recent textbooks/assignment/ binders, cars etc.		
Check / Search or question parents / caregivers about the child/youth's bedroom etc.		
Activities: internet histories, diaries, notebooks		
Other Agencies: As per the formal signed protocol, other agency consultants to the school/police team and sources of initial data r involvement with other agencies that once they are informed of t physically join the team.		
Call Children's Aid Society for record check relevant to the case at hand		
Call Mental Health for record check relevant to the case at hand		
Call Youth Probation for record check relevant to the case at hand		
Others:		

Series 1 Questions: The Incident

Where did the incident happen and when?

How did it come to the interviewee's attention?

What was the specific language of the threat, detail of the weapon or gesture made?

What was the stated: Justification for the threat? **M**eans to carry out the threat? **C**onsequences weighed out? **C**onditions that could lower the level of risk?

Who was present and under what circumstances did the incident of occur?

What was the motivation or perceived cause of the incident?

What was the response of the target (if present) at the time of the incident? Did they add or detract from Justification Process?

What was the response of others who were present at the time of the incident? Did they add or detract from the Justification Process?

Series 2 Questions: Attack Related Behaviours

Has the child/youth sought out information consistent with their threat making or threat related behaviour?

Have there been any communications suggesting ideas or intentions to attack a target currently or in the past?

30

Has the child/youth attempted to gain access to weapons or do they have access to weapons they have threatened to use?

Have they developed a plan and how general or specific is it (time, date, identified target selection, site selection, journal or justifications, maps, floor plans)?

Has the child/youth been engaging in suspicious behaviours? Such as appearing to show inordinate interest in alarm systems, sprinkler systems, and video surveillance in school or elsewhere? Schedules and location of police or security patrol?

Have they engaged in rehearsal behaviour, including packing or brandishing fake but realistic looking weapons, air rifles, pistols, or engaged in fire setting?

Is there any evidence of attack related behaviours in their locker (backpack, car trunk, etc.) at the school or bedroom at home (shed, garage etc.)?

Have others been forewarned of a pending attack or told not to come to school because "something big is going to happen"?

Series 3 Questions: Threat Maker Typology

Do they appear to be more:

- Traditional Predominately Behavioural Type?
- Traditional Predominately Cognitive Type?
- Mixed-Type?
- Non-Traditional?

Does the threat maker have a history of violence or threat of violence? If yes, what is their past:

- HTS History of Human Target Selection
- SS History of Site Selection
- F Frequency of Violence or Threats
- I Intensity of Violence or Threats
- R Recency

In the case at hand, what is their current

- HTS Human Target Selection
- SS Site Selection
- Does it denote a significant increase in **baseline** behaviour?

Does the child/youth have a history of depression or suicidal thinking?

Is there a mental health diagnosis or evidence of a mental health diagnosis that may be a risk enhancing factor in the case at hand?

Is there evidence of fluidity in their writings, drawings or verbalizations?

Does the threat maker use drugs or alcohol? Is there evidence it is a risk enhancing factor in the case at hand?

Series 4 Questions: The Target Typology

In some cases, the Target is a higher risk for violence than the threat maker with the most common case being where the Threat Maker is the victim of bullying and the Target is the bully.

Does the target have a history of violence or threats of violence?

If yes, what is the frequency, intensity, and recency (FIR) of the violence?

What has been their past human target selection (have they been engaged in bullying behaviours)?

What has been their past site selection (if yes, then where has the bullying behaviours occurred)?

Is there evidence the target has instigated the current situation?

Series 5 Questions: Peer Dynamics

Are others involved in the incident that may intentionally or unintentionally be contributing to the justification process?

Who are the threat maker's (subjects) peers, the peer structure, and where does the threat maker fit (leader, co-leader, follower)?

Is there a difference between the threat maker's individual baseline behaviour and their peer group baseline behaviour?

Is there a peer who could assist with the plan or obtain weapons for the necessary attack?

Series 6 Questions: Empty Vessel

Does the child/youth of concern have a healthy relationship with a mature adult?

Does the child/youth have **inordinate knowledge** versus **general knowledge** or interest in violent events, themes or incidents, including school-based attacks?

How have they responded to prior violent incidents (local, national, etc.)?

What type of violent games, movies, books, music, internet searches, does the child/youth (subject) fill themselves with?

Is there evidence that what they are filling themselves with is influencing their behaviour? (imitators vs innovators)

What related themes are present in their writings, drawings, etc.?

Is there evidence of fluidity and or religiosity?

What important adult connection(s) could be utilized to stabilize the current situation?

Series 7 Questions: Contextual Factors

Has the threat maker experienced a recent loss, such as a death of a family member/friend; recent break up; rejection by a peer or peer group; cut from a sports team; received rejection notice from a college, university or military, etc.?

Have the parents just divorced or separated?

Are they victims of child abuse and has the abuse been dormant but resurfaced at this time?

Are they being initiated into a gang and is it voluntary or forced recruitment?

Have they recently had an argument or fight with a parent/caregiver or someone close to them?

Have they recently been charged with an offence or suspended or expelled from school?

Is the place where they have been suspended to likely to increase or decrease their level of risk?

Series 8 Questions: Family Dynamics

How many homes does the child/youth reside in (shared custody, parents, guardians, grandparents, etc.)

Is the child/youth connected to a healthy, mature adult in the home?

Who all lives in the family home? (full and part-time) Has anyone entered or left the home who may be influencing level of risk?

Who seems to be in charge of the family and how often are they around?

Has the child/youth engaged in violence and to whom including frequency, intensity, recency (FIR)?

What is the historical baseline at home? What is the current baseline at home? Is there evidence of evolution at home?

Are parents or caregivers concerned for their own safety or the safety of their children or others?

Does the child/youth's level of risk (at home, school or in the community) cycle according to who is in the home? (i.e. the child/youth is low risk when the father is home but high risk when the father travels for work?)

Does the child/youth have a history of trauma? Including car accident, falls, exposed to violence, abuse etc.?

Has the child/youth been diagnosed with a DSM IV diagnoses?

Is there a history of mental health disorders in the family?
Is there a history of drug or alcohol abuse in the family?

GENOGRAM

Convene the Threat Assessment Team and discuss all relevant information regarding the child/youth. As a team, ask the question "to what extent does the child/youth pose a threat to school/others safety?" "Do they pose a threat to themselves or someone outside the school (i.e. Family)?" Indicate the level of concern

□ Low Level of Concern

Risk to target/s, student/s, staff, and school safety is minimal

- Threat is vague and indirect
- Information contained within the threat is inconsistent, implausible or lacks detail, threat lacks realism
- Available information suggest that the person is unlikely to carry out the treat or become violent
- Typical baseline behaviour

Medium Level of Concern

The threat could be carried out, although it may not appear entirely realistic. Violent action is possible

- Threat is more plausible and concrete than a low-level threat. Wording in the threat and information gathered suggests that some thought has been given to how the threat will be carried out (i.e. Possible place and time).
- No clear indication that the child/youth of concern has taken preparatory steps (i.e. weapon seeking), although there may be ambiguous or inconclusive references pointing to that possibility. There may be a specific statement seeking to convey that the threat is not empty "I'm Serious"
- Moderate or lingering concerns about the child/youth's potential to act violently
- Increase in baseline behaviour

High Level of Concern

The threat or situation of concern appears to pose an imminent and serious danger to the safety of others

- Threat is specific and plausible. There is an identified target. Child/youth has the capacity to act on the threat
 Information suggests concrete steps have been taken toward acting on threat. For example, information
- indicates that the child/youth has acquired or practiced with a weapon or has had a victim under surveillance
 Information suggests strong concern about the child/youth's potential to act violently
- Significant increase in baseline behaviour

With input of all Threat Assessment Team members decide on a course of action. If there is a low to medium level of concern, the child/youth can likely be managed at school with appropriate (increased) supervision.

Low to Medium Level of Concern

• Implement the Intervention Plan (Most child/youth can be managed at school with interventions)

□ Medium to High Level of Concern

- The Threat Assessment Team has determined that further assessment is required **Stage II Threat Assessment**
- School Threat Assessment lead will notify the Superintendent of the school and the Safe Schools Superintendent to discuss next steps
- If there is imminent danger call 911 (i.e. A gun is found)

Use the following intervention plan to address all concerns identified during Stage I Assessment			
STAGE ONE: Intervention Plan – attach additional pages as needed			
Disciplinary action taken:			
Intended victim warned and / or parents/ guardians notifie	d: Date:		
Suicide Assessment initiated on:	By:		
Contract not to harm self or other created: (attach)			
Alert staff and teachers on a need -to-know basis	Name:		
Daily or Weekly check in time with:	(Name / Title)		
Backpack, coat, and other belongings check-in / check-out			
Identify precipitation / aggravating circumstances and inte	vene to alleviate tension		
Late Arrival and /or Early Dismissal	Times:		
Behaviour Management / Safety Plan	•		
(attach copy to this Threat Assessment)	•		
	•		
Educational Plan	•		
	•		
	•		
Modify daily schedule by:			

Interventions	Name:	Interven	tion:	Date:
(Psychologist, Superintendent,				
Designated Regional Board Lead, Mental Health, Justice, Addictions Services,				
other)				
Obtain permission to share information	•	Date: (Attach)		
partners such as counsellors and therapis	sts (release of			
information forms) Other Action:				
Parents / G	uardians – attach	additional pages a	is needed	
Identify CTAP member who will commun	icate CTAP findin	gs and recommend	ations with the	parent/guardian
Name:				
Parents will provide the following superv	vision and / or	•		
intervention:		•		
		•		
		•		
	ervention Plan re	gularly and modify a		
Team Members		Date	Signature	
Principal:				
Vice Principal:				
Clinician / Psychologist:				
School Liaison Officer (Police):				
Superintendent of Education/ Safe School	ls:			
Designated Regional Board Lead:				
Children's Aid Member:				
Mental Health Member:				
Other:				
Review Date:		Meeting called b	y:	

Note: Copy of VTRA to be sent/ kept on file with the Superintendent of Safe Schools

APPENDIX C: VTRA SUMMARY FORM

Student:		School:	
DOB:	Student Number:		Age:
Parents Names:		Date of Incident:	
	ess is to determine whethe The Level of Concern is list	er or not a student poses a	risk/threat to the safety
of others of themselves.	The Level of Concern is list	led below:	
	-	o each community partner in ht on file with the Superinten	
Low Level of Con	cern		
Risk to target/s, st	udent/s, staff, and school saf	ety is minimal	
• Threat is	vague and indirect		
 Information realism 	on contained within the three	at is inconsistent, implausible	or lacks detail, threat lacks
Available violent	information suggest that the	person is unlikely to carry ou	t the treat or become
	aseline behaviour		
 Threat is information carried out No clear in seeking), possibility "I'm Serioo Moderate 	e carried out, although it may more plausible and concrete on gathered suggests that so It (i.e. Possible place and time ndication that the child/youth although there may be ambig I. There may be a specific stat us"	v not appear entirely realistic. than a low-level threat. Word me thought has been given to e). h of concern has taken prepar guous or inconclusive reference tement seeking to convey tha the child/youth's potential to	ling in the threat and o how the threat will be ratory steps (i.e. weapon ces pointing to that t the threat is not empty
others • Threat is s act on the • Information	tion of concern appears to po specific and plausible. There i e threat on suggests concrete steps ho	ose an imminent and serious o 's an identified target. Child/y ave been taken toward acting uth has acquired or practiced	outh has the capacity to on threat. For example,
• Informati	nder surveillance on suggests strong concern a t increase in baseline behavio	bout the child/youth's potent pur	tial to act violently

Intervention Plan

- □ Intended victim warned and / or parents or guardians notified
- Suicide assessment initiated on: _____ by _____
- □ Contract not to harm self or other created (attach)
- □ Alert staff and teachers on a need to know basis
- Disciplinary action taken
- □ Alternative setting / long term suspension or expulsion program
- □ Intervention by Board and School Staff
- □ Identify precipitating/ aggravating circumstances and develop Intervention Plan
- Drug and/or Alcohol Intervention with: _____
- □ If Special Education Student, review IEP goals and placement options
- □ Review Community based resources and interventions with parents/guardians
- Obtain consent to share information with Community Partners such as counsellors and therapists

To be completed at re-entry meeting with school, student, and parents:

- □ Daily or ____x's Weekly check-in with (title/name)
- Backpack, coat and other belongings check-in and check-out by: _____
- □ Late Arrival and/or Early Dismissal
- □ Modify Daily Schedule by:
- Behaviour Management / Safety Plan (attach copy to this Threat Assessment)
- □ Increased Supervision in the following settings:
 - ο.
 - ο.

Parent/ Guardians

- □ Parents will provide the following supervision and/or intervention:
- Parents will:

VTRA Team Members	
Principal	Community Partner
Vice Principal	Police Services
Teacher	CAS
Board Personnel	Other
Date of Meeting:	Follow up Meeting within 30 Days:

I have reviewed this intervention plan	
Parent/ Guardian's Name	Signature:
Date:	

APPENDIX D: VTRA PARENT NOTIFICATION

PERMISSION TO SHARE INFORMATION CHECKLIST

Parents /Guardians: _____

Date: _____

Once parents/guardians have been notified of the situation and the VTRA, complete the checklist below to obtain information on agencies / services involved with the student in the past and at present. For every agency /service indicated, ask the parents to give permission for that agency to share information relevant to the threat.

Agency / Service Provider	Agency Involvement		Permission to Share Info	
	YES	NO	YES	NO
Mental Health:				
Children's Aid Society:				
Probation:				
Legal/Police Involvement (as provide	d through provisions	of YCJA)		
Involvement / Police Contact				
Arrested				
Charged				
Therapist / Counselling:				
Other:				

Parents gave verbal permission to share items checked:

OR

I (parent/guardian) ______ give permission to share information checked.

APPENDIX E: VTRA ADMINISTRATOR CHECKLIST

Step 1

- □ Make sure all students are safe
- □ If there is imminent danger, call police/911
- Detain and supervise the student/s involved separately
- Do not allow access to coats, backpacks, lockers, or cell phones
- Contact the Safe Schools Superintendent and Home/Family School Superintenden.
- □ Contact the School VTRA Designate (SSC, Behavioural Crisis Consultant, psychologist)

Step 2

- Determine if the threat maker has access to the means (knife, gun, etc.)
- Check locker
- Check backpack
- Check desk

Step 3

- □ Interview witnesses including all participants directly and indirectly involved
- □ Interview student in question
- □ Interview target/victim
- □ Interview witnesses
- □ Interview staff
- Use **STAGE ONE VTRA Report Form** as a guide for questions

Step 4

- □ Notify the student's parent/s or guardian/s
- □ Notify the victim's parent/s or guardian/s
- Reason parent/guardian have not been notified: ______
- □ Check clothing or belongings

Step 5

- □ Gather additional information
- Review OSR
- Review Principal / Administrator's file, discipline records, behaviour logs, suspension letters
- □ Contact previous school/teacher
- □ Contact Board/ School staff involved with the student/s
- □ Principal or designate completes Stage ONE VTRA form with information gathered, including notes from interviews, OSR, discipline records, etc.

Step 6

□ Contact School / Safe Schools Superintendent to determine next steps

At any point in this process, if an immediate threat is confirmed, call 911.



APPENDIX F: BOARD TEAM: PARENT/CAREGIVER/STUDENT INTERVIEW FORM

Student Name:	Date of Birth:			
Informant	Relation to Student			
Family Dynamics				
 Family Composition 				
 Current living/custody arrange 				
 Relationship with siblings/pare 	nt			
Other significant relationships				
 Privacy/supervision (e.g. comp 	uter in bedroom, etc.)			
CAS involvement				
Medical Development Concerns:				
 Prenatal/delivery complication 	S			
 Developmental milestones 				
 Previous/pending assessments 				
	o/when/ for what/ effectiveness)			
 Hospitalizations/ head injury w 	ith loss of consciousness			
 Seizures 				
	Trauma			
Suicidal ideation/ attempts				
Sleeping / Eating				
Interests:				
Books/ Movies / Music				
Videos games				
Internet searches				
Free time / evening activities				
School:				
• Family relationship with school				
•	eachers/ administration/ support staff			
	Attendance			
General Achievement				
Peer Group				
•	Who does person associate with?			
What activities at school does	the student participate in with peer group?			
Questions Related to the Current	Situation:			
• Access to weapons / materials				
 Indicators (drawings, comment 	rs general concerns)			

Other Worrisome Behaviours

- Fire-setting, Cruelty to animals, etc.
- General school and community behaviour

Police Contact:

- Previous Contact
- When:
- Occurrences:

Family History

- Learning
- Mental Health
- Drug / Alcohol Abuse
- Trauma
- Police Involvement

Additional Comments:

Completed By:	Date:

APPENDIX G: DEFINITIONS



Child/Youth

Child/Youth refers to all children and youth under the age of 18.

In-School VTRA Team

A team of trained school-based professionals (e.g. principals, vice principals, ACW) trained to assess a threat to child/youth safety by a child/youth or group of child/youth. District staff i.e. School Supervisor and Educational Services Administration will be consulted and will participate in the school-based VTRA process.

School Board Community VTRA Team

When a school-based team has assessed that a child/youth(s) poses a threat to child/youth/staff safety the principal will call the School Supervisor who will then contact the Board Superintendent of Safe Schools to request that the VTRA Team be activated.

Worrisome Behaviour

Defined as those behaviours that cause concern and may indicate that a child/youth is moving toward a greater risk of violent behaviour. Worrisome behaviours include but are not limited to drawing pictures that contain violence, stories/journal writings that contain violence, making vague/generalized statements about violence towards others that do not constitute a threat. Worrisome behaviours may be an early warning sign of the development of more serious high risk behaviours. All worrisome behaviours should be addressed. These situations may involve activation of a VTRA and consultation with Educational Services.

High Risk Behaviours

Defined as behaviours that express intent to do harm or act out violently against someone or something. High risk behaviours include but are not limited to: interest in violent content, unusual interest in fire/fire setting, escalation of physical aggression, significant change in anti-social behaviour, unusual interest in and/or possession of weapon/replica of a weapon, bomb threat, internet threat to kill and/or injury to self and/or others. VTRA should be activated.

Note: Do not be deceived when traditional risk behaviours do not exist. There is no profile or checklist for the high-risk child/youth. Some child/youth who actually pose a threat display very few traits of the traditional high-risk child/youth. Identify when homicidal and suicidal domains exist together. This is critical to the development of a response to the incident, including the creation of a child/youth support plan.

Threat Making Behaviours

Defined as any action that an individual, who in any manner knowingly utters, conveys, or causes any person to receive a threat.

Threat

Defined as any expression of intent to do harm or act out violently against someone or something. Threats may be spoken, written, drawn, posted on the internet (MSN, Facebook) or made by gesture only. Threats may be direct, indirect, conditional or veiled.

Immediate Threat

In the case of immediate threat, staff will <u>CALL 911</u> and then contact the school administration/ designate. The school will contact the Superintendent of Safe Schools who will then activate the VTRA.

Lockdown – Limited Access Mode

There are immediate risk situations where the threat maker has already left school property to possibly obtain the means to carry out an attack at school where the school may need to go into a peripheral lockdown or limited access mode. In these circumstances the case-at-hand may be deemed a "Threat/Risk Management (rather than "assessment") Case until otherwise determined by the VTRA members.

Threat Assessment

Is the process of determining if a threat maker (someone who utters, writes, emails etc. a threat to kill a target or targets) actually poses a risk to the target they have threatened.

Risk Assessment

Is the process of determining if a child/youth of concern may pose a risk to some unknown target or targets at some unknown period in time.

Unit Categorization of Risk

Low Level of Concern: Risk to target/s, child/youth/s, staff, and school safety is minimal. **"Low"** ccategorization of risk does not imply "no risk", but indicates *the individual* is at little risk for violence and monitoring of the matter may be appropriate. Implement the Intervention Plan (*Most children/youth can be managed at school with interventions*).

- Threat is vague and indirect
- Information contained within the threat is inconsistent, implausible or lacks detail, threat lacks realism
- Available information suggest that the person is unlikely to carry out the treat or become violent
- Typical *baseline* behaviour

Medium Level of Concern: The threat could be carried out, although it may not appear entirely realistic. Violent action is possible. **"Moderate"** categorization of risk indicates *the individual* is at an elevated risk for violence, and those measures currently in place or further measures, including monitoring, are required in an effort to manage the individual's future risk.

- Threat is more plausible and concrete than a low-level threat. Wording in the threat and information gathered suggests that some thought has been given to how the threat will be carried out (i.e. Possible place and time).
- No clear indication that the child/youth of concern has taken preparatory steps (i.e. weapon seeking), although there may be ambiguous or inconclusive references pointing to that possibility. There may be a specific statement seeking to convey that the threat is not empty "I'm Serious"
- Moderate or lingering concerns about the child/youth's potential to act violently
- Increase in *baseline* behaviour.

High Level of Concern:_ The threat or situation of concern appears to pose an imminent and serious danger to the safety of others. "**High**" categorization of risk indicates *the individual* is at high or imminent risk for violence, and immediate intervention is required to prevent an act of violence from occurring.

- Threat is specific and plausible. There is an identified target. Child/youth has the capacity to act on the threat
- Information suggests concrete steps have been taken toward acting on threat. For example, information indicates that the child/youth has acquired or practiced with a weapon or has had a victim under surveillance
- Information suggests strong concern about the child/youth's potential to act violently
- Significant increase in *baseline* behaviour.

Violence

Violence is a continuing process of thoughts and behaviours that is dependent on the interaction between a **person** who is inclined to violence; a **stimulus** that causes the violence; and **a setting** that allows for violence or does nothing to prevent a violent act from occurring. Violence is **dynamic** and multidimensional. It is a process that is developed over time.

APPENDIX H: DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARDS: VTRA PARENT/GUARDIAN NOTIFICATION AND FAIR NOTICE



Dear Parents/Guardians:

The Upper Canada District School Board is committed to providing safe learning environments for all students, staff, school visitors and community members. When students behave inappropriately, principals use progressive discipline to help them take responsibility for their actions, change their behaviour, and learn from their mistakes.

When student behaviour poses a potential threat to safety or causes serious harm, the Community Violence Threat Risk Assessment Protocol (VTRA) helps principals take further steps to protect the well-being of our students. The protocol helps schools respond quickly to threatening incidents such as: possession of a weapon or replica weapon, bomb threat or plan, verbal, written or electronic (Internet, text) threats to kill or injure oneself or others, or other threats of violence, fire setting.

The Community VTRA outlines how a school responds immediately to threatening behaviour. Principals may first bring together a School Threat Assessment Team, which includes the principal/vice-principal, the designated regional lead, and police. If the situation is serious, the principal may also consult with the Superintendent responsible for the school and call in the Community Threat Assessment Team. This community team also includes representatives of community agencies who work with us to keep our schools safe, such as local police and children's mental health organizations. Parents and guardians will be notified if their child will be discussed through the Community Threat Assessment Protocol. If a parent/guardian cannot be reached, or if they choose not to provide consent, but a concern for safety still exists due to threatening behaviour, the threat assessment may still proceed. Personal information shared throughout this process will respect and balance each individual's right to privacy with the need to ensure the safety of all.

As always, student safety is our first priority. If you have any questions regarding the Upper Canada District School Board Community Violence Threat Risk Assessment Protocol, please contact Superintendent of Schools Marsha McNair at 613-342-0371 (ext. 1183) or toll free at 1-800-267-7131.





CATHOLIC DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD OF EASTERN ONTARIO

Box 2222, 2755 Highway 43 • Kemptville, Ontario • KOG 1JO

Phone: 613-258-7757 Toll-Free: 1-800-443-4562 Fax: 613-258-7134 www.cdsbeo.on.ca

September 2020

Dear Parents/Guardians,

The Catholic District School Board of Eastern Ontario and community partners are committed to making our schools safe for all students and staff. As a result, schools will respond to all student behaviours that pose a potential risk to other students, staff, and members of the community.

When school staff, students and/ or community partners identify that a student (s) behaviour poses a potential threat to themselves and others, the Community Violence Threat Risk Assessment Protocol (VTRA) will be activated, so that school administration can quickly take further steps to protect the well-being of our students, staff and community. Behaviours include, but are not limited to: serious violence or violence with intent to harm, possession of a weapon/replica, making a bomb threat/plan, verbal or written threats to kill or injure (clear, direct and plausible), the use of technology to communicate threats to harm/kill others or cause property damage, fire setting, sexual intimidation/assault, ongoing pervasive bullying and/or harassment, gang related intimidation or violence, and hate incidents motivated by factors including, but not limited to: race, culture, religion, and/or sexual orientation.

Each school has a Violence Threat Risk Assessment Team, which is multi-disciplinary and at a minimum includes the school administration, designated Board staff, including the Super intendent of Safe Schools, and the police.

The Violence Threat Risk Assessment team may also include other community agencies or individuals who work in collaboration to keep our schools safe such as, Family and Children Services Agencies, youth justice, and children's mental health agencies/practitioners.

A Violence Treat Risk Assessment will be completed by the team to:

- Determine if the treat maker actually poses a risk to the target(s) they have threatened
- Put in place immediate risk reducing interventions
- Better understand the factors that contributed to the threat maker's behaviours
- Develop an intervention plan and supportive response for all those involved and impacted by the threat

A more comprehensive risk evaluation may also be deemed necessary to determine if the threat maker poses a further risk to a known or unknown target(s) in the future.

It is important for all parties to engage in the Violence Threat Risk Assessment process. If a parent/guardian cannot be reached, or if they choose not to participate or provide consent, but a concern for safety still exists due to threatening behaviour, the Violence Threat Risk Assessment Protocol will still proceed to ensure a safe and caring environment for all.

Information shared throughout the Violence Risk Assessment process will respect and balance each individuals' rights to privacy with the need to ensure the safety of all. Intervention Plans will be developed and shared with parents, staff and students, as required.

The VTRA Protocol reflects the thinking and work of J. Kevin Cameron, Director of the North American Centre for Threat Assessment and Trauma Response. See Community Violence Threat Risk Assessment Protocol at www.cdsbeo.on.ca.

APPENDIX I: DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD AND COMMUNITY PARTNER VTRA PROTOCOL PARTNERS

Catholic District School Board of Eastern Ontario

Box 2222, 2755 Highway 43 Kemptville, ON KOG 1J0 Telephone: 613-258-7757 Toll-free: 1-800-443-4562 Fax: 613-258-7134 www.cdsbeo.on.ca

Upper Canada District School Board

Administration Building 225 Central Ave. W Brockville, ON K6V 5X1 Telephone: 613-342-0371 Toll-free: 1-800-267-7131 <u>www.ucdsb.ca</u>

Conseil scolaire de district catholique de l'Est ontarien

875, chemin de Comté 17 L'Orignal, ON KOB 1K0 Téléphone: 613-675-4691 Fax: 613-675-2921 www.csdceo.ca

Conseil des écoles publiques de l'est de l'Ontario

2445 Boulevard St Laurent, Ottawa, ON K1G 6C3 Téléphone: 613-742-8960 Toll-free: 1-888-33CEPEO Fax: 613-747-3810 **www.cepeo.on.ca**

Conseil des écoles catholiques du Centre-Est

4000 Labelle St. Ottawa, ON K1J 1A1 Téléphone : 613-744-2555 Toll-free : 1-888-230-5131 Fax : 613-746-3081 www.ecolecatholigue.ca



POLICE SERVICES

Ontario Provincial Police

EASTERN REGION HEADQUARTERS

525 Queen Street Smiths Falls, ON K7A 5B8 Telephone: 613-284-2700 Fax: 613-285-2796

Leeds County OPP Detachments

THOUSAND ISLANDS 874 County Road 3 Lansdowne, ON KOE 1L0 Telephone: 613-659-5200 Fax: 613-659-5210

LEEDS COUNTY (Brockville) 4109 County Road 29 Brockville, ON K6V 5V8 Telephone: 613-345-1790 Fax: 613-345-3202

GRENVILLE COUNTY

236 County Rd. 44

Fax: 613-258-2146

Kemptville, ON K0G 1J0

Telephone: 613-258-3441

(Kemptville)

RIDEAU LAKES

2761 Hwy 15 Portland, ON KOG 1V0 Telephone: 613-272-9402 Fax: 613-283-3451

Grenville County OPP Detachments

GRENVILLE COUNTY (Prescott) 200 Development Drive Prescott, ON KOE 1T0 Telephone: 613-925-4221 Fax: 613-925-1115

Lanark County OPP Detachments

PERTH/LANARK COUNTY 75 Dufferin Street Perth, ON K7H 3E3 Telephone: 613-267-2626 Fax: 613-267-8868

CARLETON PLACE

15 Coleman Street Carleton Place, ON K7V 2V0 Telephone: 613-257-5610 24 hour: 888-310-1122 Fax: 613-257-8847

Stormont Dundas & Glengarry Counties OPP Detachments

WINCHESTER

547 St. Lawrence St Winchester, ON KOC 2K0 Telephone: 613-774-2603 Fax: 613-774-6648

LONG SAULT

4 Mille Roches Road Long Sault, ON KOC 1P0 Telephone: 613-534-2223 Fax: 613-534-2486 ALEXANDRIA 624 Main Street South Alexandria, ON KOC 1A0 Telephone: 613-525-1954 Fax: 613-525-1956

MORRISBURG

6 – 5th Street West

Morrisburg, ON K0C 1X0

Telephone: 613-543-2949 Fax: 613-543-4150

Hwy 31 at Hwy 2

-1954

45 Pine Street Lancaster, ON KOC 1N0 Telephone: 613-347-2449 Fax: 613-347-2286

LANCASTER

Prescott-Russell Counties OPP Detachments

RUSSELL COUNTY 411 New York Central Ave. Embrun, ON KOA 1W1 Telephone: 613-443-4499 Fax: 613-443-5051

achments

RUSSELL COUNTY (Rockland) 626 de la Baie Rockland, ON K4K 1K6 Telephone: 613-446-5124 Fax: 613-446-6357

HAWKESBURY

125 Cameron Street Hawkesbury, ON K6A 1V9 Telephone: 613-632-2729 Fax: 613-632-8621

Community Police Services

GANANOQUE POLICE SERVICE 340 Herbert Street Gananoque, Gananoque, ON K7G 1R1 Telephone: 613-382-4422 Fax: 613-382-7167 www.gananoquepoliceservice.com BROCKVILLE POLICE SERVICE 2269 Parkedale Avenue Brockville, ON K6V 3G9 Telephone: 613- 342-0127 Fax: 613-342-0452 www.brockvillepolice.com

SMITHS FALLS POLICE SERVICE

7 Hersey Drive Smiths Falls, ON K7A 4W7 Telephone: 613-283-0357 ext. 0 Fax: 613-283-1253 www.sfps.ca

CORNWALL POLICE SERVICE

340 Pitt Street Cornwall, ON K6H-5T7 Telephone: 613-932-2110 Fax: 613-932-0121 www.cornwallpolice.com



COMMUNITY PARTNERS

LANARK

RNJ Youth Services 270 Brockville St., Unit B Smiths Falls, ON K7A 5L4 Tel# 613-284-8304 Toll-Free: 1-866-349-0538 Fax# 613-284-8300 **rnjyouth@cogeco.net**

Open Doors for Lanark Children and Youth

Unit A1 -88 Cornelia Street W. Smiths Falls, ON K7A 5K9 Tel# 613-283-8260 Toll-Free: 1-877-232-8260 Fax# 613-249-3548 www.opendoors.on.ca

Family and Children's Services of Lanark, Leeds

&Grenville 385 County Road 29 Smiths Falls, ON K7A 4S5 Tel# 613-498-2100 Toll-Free: 855-667-2726 Fax# 613-498-2108 www.fcsllg.ca

Youth Justice Services

Suite 2, 2211 Parkdale Ave. Brockville, ON K6V 6B2 Tel# 613-498-1427 X110 Toll-Free: 866-353-7345 Fax# 613-498-1060

LEEDS & GRENVILLE

RNJ Youth Services 779 Chelsea St., Suite BL2 Brockville, ON K6V 6J8 Tel# 613-342-4238 Toll Free: 1-866-349-0539 Fax# 613-342-4211 **rnjyouth@cogeco.net**

Children's Mental Health of Leeds and Grenville

779 Chelsea Street, Suite BU, Brockville, ON K6V 6J8 Tel# 613-498-4844 Toll-Free: 1-800-809-2494 Fax# 613-498-2402 www.cmhlg.ca

Family and Children's Services of Lanark, Leeds and Grenville 438 Laurier Blvd.

Brockville, ON K6V 6C5 Tel# 613-498-2100 Toll-Free: 855-667-2726 Fax# 613-498-2108 www.fcsllg.ca

Youth Justice Services

Suite 2, 2211 Parkdale Ave. Brockville, ON K6V 6B2 Tel# 613-498-1427 X110 Fax# 613-498-1060

STORMONT, DUNDAS & GLENGARRY

Laurencrest Youth Services Inc. 510 Mercier Ave. Cornwall, ON K6K 1K2 Tel# 613-933-6362 Fax# 613-936-2533

Children's Aid Society of the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry 150 Boundary Road Cornwall, ON K6H 6J5 Tel# 613-933 2292 Fax# 613- 933-6767

Cornwall Community Hospital - Children's Mental Health Services 840 McConnell Ave., Cornwall, ON K6H 1Y4 Tel# 613-361-6363 Fax# 613-361-6364

Youth Justice Services

Suite 402, 132 Second St. E Cornwall, ON K6H 1Y4 Tel# 613-933-7674 Toll-Free: 866-557-9959 Fax# 613-933-7037

PRESCOTT & RUSSELL

VALORIS for Children and Adults of Prescott-Russell Head Office - Plantagenet 173, Old HWY 17 Plantagenet, ON KOB 1L0 Tel# 613-673-5148 Toll-Free: 1-800-675-6168 Fax# 613-446-7838 info@valorispr.ca

VALORIS for Children and Adults of Prescott-Russell Hawkesbury 411 Stanley Street Hawkesbury, ON KOB 1L0 Tel# 613-673-5148

Fax# 613-446-7838 info@valorispr.ca

VALORIS for Children and Adults of Prescott-Russell Casselman

41 Racine Street Casselman, ON KOA 1M0 Tel# 613-673-5148 Fax# 613-764-7449

VALORIS for Children and Adults of Prescott-Russell Embrun 8 Valoris Street Embrun, ON KOA 1W1 Tel# 613-673-5148 Fax# 613-446-7838

VALORIS for Children and Adults of Prescott-Russell Clarence-Rockland 860 Caron Street Clarence Creek, ON K4K 1H1 Tel# 613-673-5148 Fax# 613-446-7838 info@valorispr.ca

Youth Justice Services

251 Hampden St., Hawkesbury, ON K6A 1Y4 Tel# 613-632-5550 Fax# 613-632-0255



APPENDIX J: REGIONAL SCHOOLS LISTED BY BOARD CATHOLIC DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD OF EASTERN ONTARIO

LANARK

Holy Name of Mary Catholic School Box 789, 110 Paterson St. Almonte, ON KOA 1A0 Tel# 613-256-2532 Fax# 613-256-0899

Notre Dame Catholic High School 157 McKenzie Street Carleton Place, ON K7C 4P2 Tel# 613-253-4700 Fax# 613-253-5544

St. Francis de Sales Catholic School **4 Ross Street** Smiths Falls, ON K7A 4L5 Tel# 613-283-6101

St. John Catholic Elementary 34 Wilson Street East Perth, ON K7H 1L6 Tel# 613-267-2865 Fax# 613-267-6631

Fax# 613-283-4976

St. Mary Catholic School 4 Hawthorne Avenue Carleton Place, ON K7C 3A9 Tel# 613-257-1538 Fax# 613-257-1960

St. Gregory Catholic School 176 Townline Road West Carleton Place, ON K7C 3P7 Tel# 613-257-8468 Fax# 613-257-1336

St. John Catholic High School RR#3, 2066 Scotch Line Road Perth, ON K7H 3C5 Tel# 613-267-4724 Fax# 613-267-1890

Sacred Heart of Jesus Catholic School Box 164, 134 North Street Lanark, ON KOG 1KO Tel# 613-259-2113 Fax# 613-259-5343

St. James Catholic Education Centre **5** Catherine Street Smiths Falls, ON K7A 3P7 Tel# 613-284-2613

St. Luke Catholic High School **5** Catherine Street Smiths Falls, ON K7A 3P7 Tel# 613-283-4477 Fax# 613-283-7622

LEEDS & GRENVILLE

JL Jordan Catholic School 294 First Ave Brockville, ON K6V 3B7 Tel# 613-342-7771 Fax# 13-342-6474

St. John Bosco Catholic School

12 Durham Street Brockville, ON K6V 7A4 Tel# 613-498-0656 Fax# 613-498-2610

Holy Cross Catholic School

P.O. Box 250, 521 Clothier St. W. Kemptville, ON KOG 1J0 Tel# 613-258-7457 Fax# 613-258-9867

St Edward Catholic School

BOX 309, 51 Bedford Street Westport, ON KOG 1X0 Tel# 613-273-2926 Fax# 613-273-2636

St. Joseph Catholic School

235 Georgiana Street Gananoque, ON K7G 1M9 Tel# 613-275-2353 Fax# 613-275-1452

St. Mark Catholic School

P.O. Box 1720, 420 McAuley Rd. Prescott, ON KOE 1TO Tel# 613-925-4342 Fax# 613-925-0512

St. Francis Xavier Catholic School 74 Church Street Brockville, ON K6V 3X6

Tel# 613-342-0510 Fax# 613-342-7313

St. Mary Catholic High School 40 Central Avenue Brockville, ON K6V 4N5 Tel# 613-342-4911 Fax# 613-342-2971

St. Michael Catholic High School

2755 Highway 43 Kemptville, ON K0G 1J0 Tel# 613-258-7232 Fax# 613-258-3527

STORMONT, DUNDAS & GLENGARRY

Bishop Macdonell Catholic School 300 Adolphus Street Cornwall, ON K6H 3S6 Tel# 613-933-6739 Fax# 613-933-1310

St. Andrew's Catholic School

17283 County Road 18 St. Andrews West, ON KOC 2A0 (613-932-6592 (613-932-2763

St. Mary Catholic School

Box 429, 37 Main St. Chesterville, ON KOC 1H0 Tel# 613-448-2158 Fax# 613-448-2740

Iona Academy

RR#2, 20019 King's Road Williamstown, ON KOC 2J0 Tel# 613-347-3518 Fax# 613-347-1510

St. Joseph Catholic Secondary

School 1500 A Cumberland St. Cornwall, ON K6J 5V9 Tel# 613-932-0349 Fax# 613-936-0419

PRESCOTT & RUSSELL

Mother Teresa Catholic School 1035 Concession Street Russell, ON K4R 1C7 Tel# 613-445-3788 1-888-263-2715 Fax# 613-445-3789

St. Patrick Catholic School

1001 Heritage Drive Rockland, ON K4K 1R2 Tel# 613-446-7215 1-888-240-8602 Fax# 613-446-1145

St. Anne's Catholic School 607 Surgenor Street Cornwall, ON K6J 2H5 Tel# 613-933-4615 Fax# 613-933-7982

St. Peter Catholic School

1811 Second Street East Cornwall, ON K6H 6P1 Tel# 613-933-1007 Fax# 613-933-5584

St. Mary-St. Cecilia Catholic School

28 Shea Drive Morrisburg, ON KOC 1X0 Tel# 613-543-2907 Fax# 613-543-4048

St. Finnan's Catholic School

220 Main Street Alexandria, ON KOC 1A0 Tel# 613-525-4274 Fax# 613-525-4276

Sacred Heart Catholic School 1500 Cumberland Street Cornwall, ON K6J 4K9 Tel# 613-933-3337 Fax# 613-933-0623

Our Lady of Good Counsel

Box 428, 52 Dickinson Drive Ingleside, ON KOC 1M0 Tel# 613-537-2556 Fax# 613-537-8540

Holy Trinity Catholic Secondary School

P.O. Box 248 18044 Tyotown Road, RR#1 Cornwall, ON K6H 5R5 Tel# 613-936-0319 Fax# 613-936-0663

St Matthew Catholic Secondary School

323 Augustus Street Cornwall, ON K6H 4B4 Tel# 613-930-9928 Fax# 613-932-2887

Fax# 613-936-0419

Pope John Paul II Catholic School 3818 Legault Road Hammond, ON KOA 2A0 Tel# 613-487-3075 1-888-921-2252 Fax# 613-487-3083

St. Thomas Aquinas Catholic High School 1211 South Russell Road, RR#2 Russell, ON K4R 1E5 Tel# 613-445-0810

Toll-Free 877-559-7729 Fax# 613-445-1520

St. Francis Xavier Catholic High School

Box 159, 1235 Russell Road Hammond, ON KOA 2A0 Tel# 613-487-2913 1-888-416-2373 Fax# 613-487-3856

St. Jude Catholic School

5355 Highway 34 Vankleek Hill, ON KOB 1R0 Tel# 613-678-5455 Fax# 613-678-5452

UPPER CANADA DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD

LANARK

Arklan Community Public School 123 Patterson Cres., Carleton Place, ON K7C 4R2 Tel# 613-257-8113 Fax# 613-257-8971

Caldwell Street Public School

70 Caldwell Street, Carleton Place, ON K7C 3A5 Tel# 613-257-1270 Fax# 613-257-8968

Chimo Elementary School

11 Ross Street Smiths Falls, ON K7A 4V7 Tel# 613-283-1761 Fax# 613-283-8398

Glen Tay Public School

155 Harper Road, RR#4 Perth, ON K7H 3C6 Tel# 613-267-1909 Fax# 613-267-2519

Naismith Memorial P. S.

260 King Street, Box 280 Almonte, ON K0A 1A0 Tel# 613-256-3773 Fax# 613-256-3825

Perth & District Collegiate

13 Victoria Street Perth, ON K7H 2H3 Tel# 613-267-3051 Fax# 613-267-4538

Smiths Falls D.C.I.

299 Percy Street Smiths Falls, ON K7A 5M2 Tel# 613-283-0288 Fax# 613-283-0461

Almonte and District High School 126 Martin St. North, Box 880 Almonte, ON K1A 1A0 Tel# 613-256-1470 Fax# 613-256-0599

Carambeck Public School 351 Bridge Street Carleton Place, ON K7C 3H9 Tel# 613-257-1455 Fax# 613-257-1470

Drummond Central School

1469 Drummond School Rd. Perth, ON K7H 3C8 Tel# 613-267-4789 Fax# 613-267-1394

Maple Grove Elementary School

151 George Street, P.O. Box 90 Lanark, ON KOG 1K0 Tel# 613-259-2777 Fax# 613-259-5438

North Elmsley Elem. School

209 County Road 18, R.R. #5, Perth, ON K7H 3C7 Tel# 613-267-1371 Fax# 613-267-5517

Queen Elizabeth Elem. School

80 Wilson Street East Perth, ON K7H 1M4 Tel# 613-267-2702 Fax# 613-267-2856

The Stewart School

7 Sunset Blvd., Perth, ON K7H 0A1 Tel# 613-267-2940 Fax# 613-267-7277

Beckwith Public School

1523 9th Line of Beckwith, RR#2 Carleton Place, ON K7C 3P2 Tel# 613-253-0427 Fax# 613-253-8941

Carleton Place High School

215 Lake Avenue West Carleton Place, ON K7C 1M3 Tel# 613-257-2720 Fax# 613-253-3002

Duncan J. Schoular P. S. 41 McGill Street, Smiths Falls, ON K7A 3M9 Tel# 613-283-1367 Fax# 613-283-1955

Montague Public School

1200 Rosedale Road South, RR#5 Smiths Falls, ON K7A 4S6 Tel# 613-283-6426 Fax# 613-283-3164

Pakenham Public School

109 Jeanie Street, P.O. Box 130 Pakenham, ON KOA 2X0 Tel# 613-624-5438 Fax# 613-624-5964

R. Tait McKenzie Public School

175 Paterson Street Almonte, ON KOA 1A0 Tel# 613-256-8248 Fax# 613-256-4791



LEEDS & GRENVILLE

Athens District High School 21 Church Street, P.O. Box 279 Athens, ON KOE 1B0 Tel# 613-924-2618 Fax# 613-924-1525

Commonwealth Public School 166 Pearl Street Brockville, ON K6V 1R4 Tel# 613-345-5031 Fax# 613-345-5040

Kemptville Public School 215 Reuben Cres., P.O. Box 70 Kemptville, ON KOG 1J0 Tel# 613-258-2206

Fax# 613-258-7650

Lyn Public School 38 Main Street East, P.O. Box 184 Lyn, ON KOE 1M0 Tel# 613-345-1242 Fax# 613-345-3391

Merrickville Public School 306 Drummond St. East, Box 520 Merrickville, ON K0G 1N0 Tel# 613-269-4951

Tel# 613-269-4951 Fax# 613-269-3742 Pineview Public School

8 George Street, Box 220 Athens, ON KOE 1B0 Tel# 613-924-2055 Fax# 613-924-9281

South Branch Elementary School

2649 Concession Road, Box 2009 Kemptville, ON K0G 1J0 Tel# 613-258-1919 Fax# 613-258-5959

South Grenville District High

1000 Edward St. North, Box 670 Prescott, ON KOE 1T0 Tel# 613-925-2855 Fax# 613-925-2864 Brockville Collegiate Inst. 90 Pearl Street East Brockville, ON K6V 1P8 Tel# 613-345-5641 Fax# 613-498-2563

Front Of Yonge Elem. School 1504 County Road 2, Mallorytown, ON KOE 1R0 Tel# 613-923-5284 Fax# 613-923-2381

Linklater Public School

300 Stone Street Gananoque, ON K7G 1Y8 Tel# 613-382-3689 Fax# 613-382-7552

Maynard Public School

21 Stewart Drive Prescott, ON KOE 1T0 Tel# 613-925-4291 Fax# 613-925-1590

North Grenville D.H.S.

304 Prescott Street Kemptville, ON KOG 1J0 Tel# 613-258-3481 Fax# 613-258-1028

Rideau District High School

251 Main Street Elgin, ON KOG 1E0 Tel# 613-359-5391 Fax# 613-359-6328

South Crosby Public School

1 Halladay Street, P.O. Box 16 Elgin, ON KOG 1E0 Tel# 613-359-5933 Fax# 613-359-1142

Sweet's Corners Elem. School

276 Lyndhurst Road Lyndhurst, ON K0E 1N0 Tel# 613-928-2777 Fax# 613-928-2640

Centennial '67 Public School

7 Henderson Street, P.O. Box 100, Spencerville, ON KOE 1X0 Tel# 613-658-3114 Fax# 613-658-2808

Gananoque Intermediate& Secondary School 175 William Street South, Box 640 Gananoque, ON K7G 1S8 Tel# 613-382-4741 Fax# 613-382-8240

Lombardy Public School 596 Highway 15 Lombardy, ON KOG 1L0 Tel# 613-283-0860 Fax# 613-284-1523

Meadowview Public School

9234 Addison-Greenbush Road Addison, ON KOE 1A0 Tel# 613-924-2880 Fax# 613-924-1338

Oxford-On-Rideau Public School

50 Water Street, P.O. Box 217, Oxford Mills, ON KOG 1J0 Tel# 613-258-3141 Fax# 613-258-4762

Rideau Vista Public School

9921 Highway # 42 Westport, ON KOG 1X0 Tel# 613-273-2842 Fax# 613-273-2596

South Edwardsburg P. S.

8 Second Street, R.R. #3 Prescott, ON KOE 1T0 Tel# 613-925-4183 Fax# 613-925-0651

Thousand Islands Elem School

101 King Street W., P.O. Box 90 Lansdowne, ON KOE 1L0 Tel# 613-659-2216 Fax# 613-659-2264

Thousand Islands Sec. School

2510 Parkedale Avenue Brockville, ON K6V 3H1 Tel# 613-342-1100 Fax# 613-342-7758

Wellington Elementary School

920 Boundary Street, Box 1329 Prescott, ON KOE 1T0 Tel# 613-925-2803 Fax# 613-925-3461

Toniata Public School

24 Scace Avenue Brockville, ON K6V 2A4 Tel# 613-342-6310 Fax# 613-342-6062

Westminster Public School

29 Central Avenue, Brockville, ON K6V 4N6 Tel# 613-345-5552 Fax# 613-345-3550

Vanier Public School

40 Vanier Drive Brockville, ON K6V 3J5 Tel# 613-342-8081 Fax# 613-498-0586

STORMONT, DUNDAS & GLENGARRY

Central Public School-Cornwall 200 Amelia Street Cornwall, ON K6H 0A5 Tel# 613-932-0857 Fax# 613-932-8345

Char-Lan District High School

19743 County Road 17 Williamstown, ON KOC 2J0 Tel# 613-347-2441 Fax# 613-347-1290

Iroquois Public School

6 Lakeview Drive, P.O. Box 9 Iroquois, ON K0E 1K0 Tel# 613-652-4580 Fax# 613-6521750

Maxville Public School

15 Alexander Street, P.O. Box 550 Maxville, ON KOC 1T0 Tel# 613-527-2195 Fax# 613-527-1573

North Dundas D.H.S.

12835 Highway # 43, R.R. #3 Chesterville, ON KOC 1H0 Tel# 613-448-2328 Fax# 613-448-1794

Roxmore Public School

16279 Fairview Drive, P.O. Box 39 Avonmore, ON KOC 1C0 Tel# 613-346-5502 Fax# 613-346-0068 Chesterville Public School 38 College St., P.O. Box 489 Chesterville, ON KOC 1H0 Tel# 613-448-2224 Fax# 613-448-2389

Eamer's Corners Public School 2258 Pitt Street Cornwall, ON K6K 1A3 Tel# 613-933-0644 Fax# 613-933-6663

Laggan Public School

20345 Gleneig Road, Dalkeith, ON KOB 1E0 Tel# 613-525-3112 Fax# 613-525-4428

Morrisburg Public School

16 Second Street, Box 817 Morrisburg, ON KOC 1X0 Tel# 613-543-3166 Fax# 613-543-93371

North Stormont Public School

57 Cockburn Street, Box 100 Berwick, ON K0C 1G0 Tel# 613-984-2061 Fax# 613-984-0052

Seaway District High School

2 Beach Street, P.O. Box 100 Iroquois, ON KOE 1K0 Tel# 613-652-4878 Fax# 613-652-1315 **Cornwall Collegiate V.S.** 437 Sydney Street Cornwall, ON K6H 3H9 Tel# 613-932-8360 Fax# 613-932-8128

Glengarry District High School

212 Main Street North Alexandria, ON KOC 1A0 Tel# 613-525-1066 Fax# 613-525-0119

Longue Sault Public School

13 Bethune Street, P.O. Box 460 Long Sault, ON KOC 1P0 Tel# 613-534-2415 Fax# 613-534-2850

Nationview Public School

3045 County Road 1, P.O. Box 140 South Mountain, ON KOE 1W0 Tel# 613-989-2600 Fax# 613-989-1107

Rothwell-Osnabruck School

1 College Street, P.O. Box 40 Ingleside, ON KOC 1M0 Tel# 613-537-2474 Fax# 613-537-8696

St. Lawrence Intermed. School

1450 Second Street East Cornwall, ON K6H 5Z8 Tel# 613-933-8410 Fax# 613-933-0131 **St. Lawrence Secondary** 1450 Second Street East Cornwall, ON K6H 5Z8 Tel# 613-933-8410 Fax# 613-933-0131

Williamstown Public School

19754 County Road 17, Box 100 Williamstown, ON KOC 2J0 Tel# 613-347-3641 Fax# 613-347-7186

Tagwi Secondary School

16750 Highway # 43, R.R. #1 Avonmore, ON KOC 1C0 Tel# 613-346-2122 Fax# 613-346-0193

Winchester Public School

547 Louise Street South, P.O. Box 280 Winchester, ON KOC 2K0 Tel# 613-774-2607 Fax# 613-7741381

Viscount Alexander P. S.

1401 Dover Road Cornwall, ON K6J 1V6 Tel# 613-932-4131 Fax# 613-932-0735

PRESCOTT & RUSSELL

Cambridge Public School 2123 Route 500 W Embrun, ON KOA 1W0 Tel# 613-443-3024 Fax# 613-443-3012

Rockland District High School 1004 St. Joseph Street Rockland, ON K4K 1P6 Tel# 613-446-7347 Fax# 613-446-1667

Vankleek Hill Collegiate Inst. 5814 Highway 34

Vankleek Hill, ON K 0B 1R0 Tel# 613-678-2023 Fax# 613-678-6490

Pleasant Corners Public School 4099 Highway # 34

Vankleek Hill, ON KOB 1R0 Tel# 613-678-2030 Fax# 613-678-5764

Russell High School 982 North Russell Road, Russell, ON K4R 1C8 Tel# 613-445-2659 Fax# 613-445-2660

Rockland Public School 999 Giroux Street Rockland, ON K4K 1C2 Tel# 613-446-4552 Fax# 613-446-1857

Russell Public School 14 Mill Street Russell, ON K4R 1E1 Tel# 613-445-2190 Fax# 613-445-0634

CONSEIL SCOLAIRE DE DISTRICT CATHOLIQUE DE L'EST ONTARIEN

ÉCOLES DE STORMONT, DUNDAS & GLENGARRY

École élémentaire catholique Elda-Rouleau 115, rue Sandfield Alexandria ON KOC 1A0 Tel# 613-525-1281 Fax# 613-525-1316

École élémentaire catholique La Source 17095, ch. McLean, R.R.1

Moose Creek ON KOC 1W0 Tel# 613-538-2401 Fax# 613-538-2405

École secondaire catholique Le Relais 100, rue McNab Alexandria ON KOC 1A0 Tel# 613-525-3315 Fax# 613-525-5596

École élémentaire catholique Marie-Tanguay 1500, boul. Holy Cross Cornwall ON K6H 2X1 Tel# 613-938-9337 Fax# 613-938-3919

École élémentaire catholique Sainte-Lucie 17337, rue Dow, R.R.1 Long Sault ON KOC 1P0 Tel# 613-932-9493 Fax# 613-936-8010

École élémentaire catholique de l'Ange-Gardien 4831, Second Line Road

4831, Second Line Road North Lancaster ON KOC 1Z0 Tel# 613-347-2728 Fax# 613-347-1905 École élémentaire catholique Notre-Dame 420, 15^e Rue Ouest Cornwall ON K6J 3K5 Tel# 613-932-1594 Fax# 613-932-1204

Campus Cornwall

124, rue Anthony

Fax# 613-933-0129

École secondaire catholique La Citadelle 510, avenue McConnell Cornwall ON K6H 4M1 Tel# 613-933-0172 Fax# 613-933-3886

Pavillon intermédiaire Tel# 613-933-0172 Fax# 613-933-2204

Centre d'Éducation et de Centre d'Éducation et de Formation de l'Est Ontarien Formation de l'Est Ontarien **Campus de Alexandria** Alexandria ON Cornwall ON K6H 5K1 Tel# 613-525-4140 Tel# 613-932-3376

École élémentaire catholique Notre-Dame-du-Rosaire

9, Concession Ouest Chrysler ON KOA 1R0 Tel# 613-987-2034 Fax# 613-987-2593

ÉCOLES DE PRESCOTT & RUSSELL

École élémentaire catholique Saint-Victor 38, rue Saint-Paul Alfred ON KOB 1A0 Tel# 613-679-4373 Fax# 613-679-2563

École élémentaire catholique Paul VI

500, rue Principale Est Hawkesbury ON K6A 1A9 Tel# 613-632-2734 Fax# 613-632-2736

École secondaire catholique

régionale de Hawkesbury 572, rue Kitchener Hawkesbury ON K6A 2P3 Tel# 613-632-7055 Fax# 613-632-5455 Pavillon intermédiaire Tel# 613-632-7055 Fax# 613-632-1344

École élémentaire catholique Saint-Mathieu 3155, chemin Gendron Hammond ON K0A 2A0 Tel# 613-487-2404 Fax# 613-487-2169

École élémentaire catholique de Casselman **Pavillon Sainte-Euphémie** 215, rue Laurier Casselman ON KOA 1M0 Tel# 613-764-2855 Fax# 613-764-3539

École secondaire catholique de Casselman 778, rue Brébeuf Casselman ON KOA 1MO Tel# 613-764-2991 Fax# 613-764-3390

Pavillon intermédiaire Tel# 613-764-2991 Fax# 613-764-1593

École élémentaire catholique Sacré-Cœur 2233, rue Dollard Bourget ON KOA 1E0 Tel# 613-487-2734 Fax# 613-487-3095

École élémentaire catholique de Casselman **Pavillon Saint-Paul**

133, rue Laurier Casselman ON KOA 1M0 Tel# 613-764-2960 Fax# 613-764-3019

École élémentaire catholique Sainte-Félicité 1647, rue Landry Clarence Creek ON KOA 1N0 Tel# 613-488-2890 Fax# 613-488-2892

École élémentaire catholique Embrun Pavillon Saint-Jean 1045, rue Notre-Dame Embrun ON KOA 1W0 Tel# 613-443-2850

École secondaire catholique Embrun

Fax# 613-443-5685

1276, rue Saint-Jacques Embrun ON KOA 1W0 Tel# 613-443-2186 Fax# 613-443-9043 **Pavillon intermédiaire** Tel# 613-443-2186 Fax# 613-443-7341

École élémentaire catholique Curé-Labrosse 5050, rue Fatima Saint-Eugène ON KOB 1P0

Tel# 613-674-2145 Fax# 613-674-3067

École élémentaire catholique Saint-Isidore

20, rue de l'École Saint-Isidore ON KOC 2BO Tel# 613-524-2945 Fax# 613-524-2739

École élémentaire catholique

Saint-Grégoire 50, rue Home Vankleek Hill ON KOB 1R0 Tel# 613-678-2126 Fax# 613-678-3147

École élémentaire catholique Saint-Viateur

205, chemin Limoges Limoges ON K0A 2M0 Tel# 613-443-1976 Fax# 613-443-1859

École élémentaire catholique Embrun Pavillon La Croisée 1215, rue Saint-Augustin Embrun ON KOA 1W0 Tel# 613-443-4881 Fax# 613-443-4885

École élémentaire catholique Sainte-Trinité 879, rue Saint-Joseph Rockland ON K4K 1C2 Tel# 613-446-5128 Fax# 613-446-1361

École élémentaire catholique Saint-Joseph 1008, ch. Russell Nord Russell ON K4R 1C8 Tel# 613-445-2947 Fax# 613-445-2931

École secondaire catholique L'Escale 1535, avenue du Parc Rockland ON K4K 1C3 Tel# 613-446-5169 Fax 613-446-6219 Pavillon intermédiaire Tel# 613-446-5169 Fax# 613-446-5992

Centre d'Éducation et de Formation de l'Est Ontarien Administration 750, rue Principale Casselman ON KOA 1M0 Tel# 613-764-1941 Fax# 613-7643135

École élémentaire catholique

Saint-Jean-Baptiste 35, rue Longueuil L'Orignal ON KOB 1KO Tel# 613-675-4878 Fax# 613-675-2403

École élémentaire catholique Saint-Paul

260, rue Main Plantagenet ON KOB 1L0 Tel# 613-673-4880 Fax# 613-673-1530

École secondaire catholique de Plantagenet

6150, ch. de comté 17 Plantagenet ON KOB 1L0 Tel# 613-673-5124 Fax# 613-673-2294 **Pavillon intermédiaire** Tel# 613-673-5124 Fax# 613-673-5403

École élémentaire catholique Saint-Albert

116, rue Principale Saint-Albert ON KOA 3CO Tel# 613-987-2157 Fax# 613-987-5540

École élémentaire catholique Du Rosaire

2410, chemin du Lac Saint-Pascal-Baylon ON KOA 3NO Tel# 613-488-2494 Fax# 613-488-3901

Centre d'Éducation et de Formation de l'Est Ontarien Campus Casselman Tel# 613-764-7332 Fax# 613-764-0991 **Centre d'Éducation et de Formation de l'Est Ontarien Campus Rockland** 2303, rue Laurier Rockland ON K4K 1K4 Tel# 613-446-1685 **Centre d'Éducation et de Formation de l'Est Ontarien Campus Hawkesbury** 429, rue Abbott Hawkesbury ON K6A 2E2 Tel# 613-632-4100 École élémentaire catholique Saint-Joseph 3250, rue Principale Wendover ON KOA 3K0 Tel# 613-673-5276 Fax# 613-673-2661

CONSEIL DES ÉCOLES PUBLIQUES DE L'EST DE L'ONTARIO

ÉCOLES DE STORMONT, DUNDAS & GLENGARRY, PRESCOTT & RUSSELL

Centre d'Éducation et de Formation de l'Est Ontarien Campus Cornwall 124, rue Anthony Cornwall ON K6H 5K1 Tel# 613-932-3376 Fax# 613-933-0129

École secondaire publique L'Héritage

1111, chemin Montréal Cornwall ON K6H 1E1 Tel# 613-933-3318 Fax# 613-938-5445

École élémentaire publique Terre des Jeunes 33, rue Lochiel Est

Alexandria ON KOC 1A0 Tel# 613-525-1843 Fax# 613-525-1922

École élémentaire publique Nouvel Horizon

433, boulevard Cartier Hawkesbury ON K6A 1V9 Tel# 613-632-8718 Fax# 613-632-1744

Centre d'Éducation et de Formation de l'Est Ontarien Administration/Campus Casselman 750, rue Principale Casselman ON KOA 1M0 Tel# 613-764-1941 Fax# 613-7643135

Centre d'Éducation et de Formation de l'Est Ontarien 124, rue Anthony Cornwall ON K6H 5K1 **Campus d'Alexandria** Alexandria ON Tel# 613-525-4140

École élémentaire publique Carrefour Jeunesse 927, rue St-Jean Rockland ON K4K 1P4 Tel# 613-446-1248 Fax# 613-446-6083

École élémentaire publique De la Rivière Castor 100, rue Maheu C.P. 1229 Embrun ON KOA 1W0 Tel# 613-443-2226 Fax# 613-443-5024

Centre d'Éducation et de Formation de l'Est Ontarien Campus Hawkesbury 429, rue Abbott Hawkesbury ON K6A 2E2 Tel# 613-632-4100 Fax 613-632-0413 École élémentaire publique Rose des Vents 1650, 2e rue Est Cornwall ON K6H 2C3 Tel# 613-932-4183 Fax# 613-932-8055

École élémentaire et École secondaire publique L'académie de la Seigneurie

731, rue des Pommiers Casselman ON KOA 1M0 Tel# 613-764-0550 Fax# 613-764-0110

École secondaire publique Le Sommet 894, boulevard Cécile Hawkesbury ON K6A 3R5 Tel# 613-632-6059 Fax# 613-632-7808

Centre d'Éducation et de Formation de l'Est Ontarien Campus Rockland 2303, rue Laurier Rockland ON K4K 1K4 Tel# 613-446-1685 Fax# 613-446-1686

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CONSEIL DES ÉCOLES CATHOLIQUES DU CENTRE-EST

ÉCOLES DE LANARK, LEEDS & GRENVILLE, STORMONT, DUNDAS & GLENGARRY, PRESCOTT & RUSSELL

École élémentaire catholique

J-L Couroux 10 avenue Findlay Carleton Place, ON K7C 4K1 Tel# 613-521-0607 Fax 613-253-2457

École élémentaire catholique Sainte-Thérèse-d 'Avila

9575 ch. Marionville Marionville, ON K4R 1E5 Tel# 613-745-0282 Fax 613- 445-0565 École élémentaire catholique Sainte-Marguerite-Bourgeoys 306 rue Read Merrickville, ON KOG 1N0 Tel# 613-521-4213 Fax 613-269-2840

École élémentaire catholique Saint-Guillaume 5750 ch. Buckland Vars, ON KOA 3H0 Tel# 613-745- 5981 Fax 613 – 835- 2999 Académie catholique Ange-Gabriel 1515 promenade Kensington Brockville, ON K6V 6H9 Tel# 613-345-5914 Fax 613-345-4421

Académie catholique Notre-Dame 50, promenade Campus Kemptville, ON KOG 1J0

Tel# 613-258-7883



APPENDIX K: SIGNATORIES TO THE PROTOCOL

Community VTRA Protocol: Violence Threat Risk Assessment A Collaborative Response to Assessing Potential Violence

Effective: December 2020



Eastern Ontario

John Cameron

Director of Education

Catholic District School Board of

François Turpin Directeur de l'éducation et secrétaire Conseil scolaire de district catholique de l'Est ontarien



Sylvie Tremblay Directrice de l'éducation Conseil des écoles publique de l'Est de l'Ontario

Réjean Sirois Directeur de l'éducation et secrétaire-trésorier Conseil des écoles catholique du Centre-Est

> Stephen Sliwa Director of Education Upper Canada District School Board









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Karl Thomas Chief Superintendent, East Region Ontario Provincial Police



Scott Fraser Chief of Police Brockville Police Service





BROCKVILLE

Gary Hull Chief of Police Gananoque Police Service







Erin Lee Marcotte Executive Director Family and Children's Services of Lanark, Leeds and Grenville



Rachel Daigneault Executive Director Children's Aid Society of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry



Hélène Fournier Executive Director Valoris for Children and Adults of Prescott-Russell

Jeanette Despatie Chief Executive Officer Cornwall Community Hospital





Lorena Crosbie Executive Director Children's Mental Health of Leeds and Grenville

Children's Mental Health of Leeds and Grenville

Kevin Clouthier

Executive Director Open Doors for Lanark Children and Youth



Sue Poldervaart Executive Director RNJ Youth Services



Dan O'Rourke Executive Director Laurencrest Youth Services Inc.



Joanne Patey

Probation Manager Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services



Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services

